

Japan's 1988

MONDAY SPORTS NFL Results See Page 13

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PEOPLE International Brigades Honored in Barcelona Barcelona city officials paid homage Friday to veterans of the International Brigades...

Takeshita Pushes Tax Reform To Save Waning Reputation

By Patrick J. Smith International Herald Tribune TOKYO — As the political costs of Japan's deepening stock-trading scandal begin to emerge, Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita appears to be mounting a final effort to salvage his own reputation by passing the tax-reform program...



An Israeli soldier, with raised club, scuffling with Palestinians on Sunday outside a church in Beit Sahur, south of Bethlehem, where an Arab who was killed by soldiers was being buried.

3 Israelis Killed in Assault

Arabs Firebomb A Civilian Bus in West Bank Town

Jerusalem — Three Israeli civilians were killed and five were injured Sunday when Palestinians threw firebombs at a bus in the occupied West Bank town of Jericho, according to military officials.

Delay of Shuttle Flight Played Down by Soviets

MOSCOW — Soviet space officials dismissed a last-minute halt to the first flight of the unmanned space shuttle Buran as a minor hitch, saying Sunday that a new attempt would be made after the Nov. 7-8 Revolution Day holiday.

Likud and Labor Never Got Beyond Go As Campaign Ends, Palestinian Question Remains Largely Unaddressed

By Glenn Frankel Washington Post Service JERUSALEM — After a month of tough slogans, slick advertisements and \$30 million in spending, Israel's purportedly watershed election campaign is ending the way it began.

The Abortion Pill Issue: A Question About Goals

By Michael Specter Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — The international furor surrounding a French company's decision last week to stop distributing its abortion-inducing pill has helped to shatter the traditional view that an effective medicine should be universally available.

Kiosk Kraft Agrees To a Buyout NEW YORK (AP) — Kraft Inc. said Sunday that it had agreed to a \$13.1 billion buyout by Philip Morris Cos., ending a short but intense hostile takeover fight...

MONDAY Q&A Daw Aung San San Kyi, one of the leaders of the Burmese opposition, says the government has not suppressed dissent.

General News On-site atomic test data have reinvigorated a Reagan administration debate. Another deadline in the peace talks for southern Africa will be missed.

Business/Finance West Germany has cleared the way for the Daimler-Benz to take a stake in the aerospace group MBB. Seven Latin American leaders called for debt talks with the next U.S. president.

Waldheim Asks Syria to Deport Nazi — President Kurt Waldheim of Austria visiting a market Sunday in Aleppo, Syria. In talks with President Hafez Assad on Saturday, he said Israel should withdraw from occupied territories and asked Syria to extradite Alois Brunner, a native Austrian and SS officer accused of sending more than 120,000 Jews to death camps.



WALDHEIM ASKS SYRIA TO DEPORT NAZI — President Kurt Waldheim of Austria visiting a market Sunday in Aleppo, Syria. In talks with President Hafez Assad on Saturday, he said Israel should withdraw from occupied territories and asked Syria to extradite Alois Brunner, a native Austrian and SS officer accused of sending more than 120,000 Jews to death camps.

Bush Aide Disavows a Mailing

By Fred Farris International Herald Tribune WASHINGTON — Vice President George Bush's campaign chairman disavowed on Sunday a campaign letter from Maryland Republicans that included photographs of Michael S. Dukakis and William Horton Jr., the man who escaped Massachusetts prison furlough and later raped a woman...

No Sex, Please, While Shere Hite Is Talking

By Mary Blume International Herald Tribune PARIS — "There must be something left here of an intellectual elite," said Shere Hite's husband, Fred. Her visit to Paris to promote the French edition of the third Hite report, "Women and Love," wasn't going well.



Shere Hite

Burmese Resistance Has Not Been Quelled, a Leader Says

Daw Aung San Suu Kyi is the daughter of the late hero of Burma's independence, U Aung San. Since she ended her studies at Oxford University in Britain and returned to Burma in April, she has been catapulted to political prominence as a leader of the mass uprising there against one-party rule. Recently, she was named general secretary of the National League for Democracy, the main opposition group opposed to the military government in Rangoon. She spoke by telephone with Michael Richardson of the International Herald Tribune.

The ordinance was imposed because of what the military said was the troubled situation of the country. If they feel that life has really returned to normal, they should revoke the ordinance. If they were in control, they wouldn't need to clamp down so hard.

Q. Are you disappointed that people appear to have ignored the appeal late last month by you and other leaders of the National League for Democracy that strikes should continue in defiance of an order from the military government?

A. I don't know how many have returned to work. But you have got to consider the fact that so many people were sacked or made to retire. There have also been many killings and arrests.

Q. How much resistance is there now to military rule?

A. The people are certainly very active politically in opposing the system. Large numbers are joining or supporting opposition parties. Our league has already

recruited hundreds of thousands of new members.

Q. Under what conditions would the league participate in the general elections that the military regime has promised?

A. If the elections are free and fair, as the armed forces said they would be, then we shall consider contesting them.

Q. How do you ensure that elections will be free and fair?

A. As things are now, they cannot be free and fair. Basic conditions must change. In the first place, the military ordinance will have to be lifted. Until life returns to normal and people can meet without hindrance or fear and have freedom of expression through the media and elsewhere, you cannot depend on genuine elections.

Q. If the league decides to participate in elections, would it not risk further splits in the ranks of the opposition? Many of the more militant students insist that the military regime must go before they will take part in any polls because while military rule remains there can be no democracy.

A. It's a matter of judgment. Everybody has said that what they want are

elections through which they can choose a democratic government. So if such elections are held, those parties that do decide to contest them can in no way be said to be opposing democracy.

The league is trying to unify the forces of democracy. It is difficult in current circumstances, when constraints are placed on our ability to communicate. But the opposition is more united than its critics think.

Q. Is the dislocation of Burma's economy working in favor of the opposition or the military regime?

A. There is considerable economic hardship. Food is available. But prices are high. So many people cannot afford to eat properly.

Q. Won't this ensure that people return to work just to get enough money to live?

A. It may be. But on the other hand, the people of Burma have been struggling along at subsistence level for some time. I think they are prepared to continue doing so until they get what they want: democracy.

Q. Do foreign countries have a role

here? On what conditions should major donors, such as West Germany, Japan and the United States, restore aid to Burma?

A. They have already stated their conditions. They will not resume aid programs until political changes in line with the desires of the people have been brought about peacefully. We support that position.

Q. Isn't suspension of aid causing additional hardship to the people of Burma?

A. The general feeling here has always been that under the old ruling group, the Burma Socialist Program Party, whenever aid was provided it was the top people who enjoyed most of the benefits. So going without foreign assistance will not make much difference to the life of ordinary Burmese.

Q. Shouldn't the opposition and the military regime start talking to each other?

A. They haven't approached us. But a dialogue is always useful. If there is no liberalization, there may be another explosion of popular anger against the government.

MONDAY Q&A

Q. The military regime of General Saw Maung says that life has returned to normal in Rangoon and other parts of Burma. Is the government in firm control?

A. If they say that life has returned to normal, we have to question why they haven't repealed the ordinance that applies a curfew, prevents more than five people from gathering at one time and enforces other restrictions.

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A. The people are certainly very active politically in opposing the system. Large numbers are joining or supporting opposition parties. Our league has already

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WORLD BRIEFS

Czech Police Detain 85 After Protest

PRAGUE (Reuters) — The Czechoslovak police still held 85 people Sunday of those who had been arrested in an effort to block a demonstration for political reform on the 70th anniversary of Czechoslovakia's founding as an independent nation, a leading Czechoslovak human rights campaigner said.

The detainees, rounded up Thursday in Prague, Brno and Bratislava, included prominent members of the Charter 77 human rights movement, according to Anna Sabatova, a signatory of the Charter 77 human rights document and member of the Committee for the Defense of the University Persecuted. The rally, banned by the authorities, was broken up Friday by riot policemen in Prague.

She said that a Charter 77 spokesman, Bohumil Janat, was detained Saturday with two other persons when he sought to join a group laying flowers at the grave of Czechoslovakia's first president, Tomas Masaryk, in a cemetery in Lany outside the capital.

Bendjedid Drops Main Political Aide

ALGIERS (AP) — Less than a week before a referendum on political reforms, President Chadli Bendjedid has dismissed his second-in-command in Algeria's only legal party.

Mohammed Cherif Messaadia, who was in charge of the National Liberation Front's permanent secretariat, was considered an opponent of Mr. Bendjedid's reform plans. Abdelhamid Mehri, ambassador to Morocco, was named to replace him on Saturday.

Mr. Bendjedid also replaced General Mejdoub Lakhal-Saïd, the chief of military security, giving the post to Colonel Mohamed Boucheb, who was in charge of security in the Algerian Army. The referendum on political reforms, which follows political and economic rioting early this month, is scheduled Thursday.

Small Cracks Found on DC-9 Wings

NEW YORK (NYT) — A series of small cracks were discovered earlier this month over the wings of three older McDonnell Douglas DC-9 airliners, the Federal Aviation Administration has announced.

Officials said that the cracks, the largest only about an inch (2.5 centimeters) long, were "in no manner comparable" to the cracks on Boeing 737s that led the agency recently to require extensive strengthening of the structure of aging 737s. But they said the agency almost certainly will tighten inspection requirements for DC-9s.

The cracks found on the DC-9s, belonging to Northwest Airlines and USAir, were no worse than others found in these and other types of airliners since routine inspections were instituted last year, the agency said. But because of public concern over the 737s' troubles, officials decided to disclose the DC-9 problem.

TRAVEL UPDATE

Airlines Expect Moves to Ease Traffic

MONTREAL (Reuters) — Airline officials say they are confident that governments will act in the next decade to ease traffic congestion in the world's airways. The officials, from the Geneva-based International Air Transport Association, are in Montreal for the organization's annual meeting on Monday and Tuesday. They said European governments had decided to meet them.

The officials cautioned that the governments must act to increase airspace and airport capacity before European deregulation in 1992. The deregulation is expected to contribute to a doubling of world air traffic to two billion passengers a year by 2000.

The officials said that a task force to study ways of easing airport congestion would discuss the problem in meetings with officials of European airports, governments and air traffic controllers, beginning in Spain and Italy in November. They also plan to travel to Asia and the United States for similar meetings after the talks in Europe, where overcrowding is more severe.

All Nippon Airways has made Utah its choice for Japanese skiers traveling to the United States, said Norm Bangert, governor of the state. A daily flight will go from Tokyo to Los Angeles, and connect with Delta flights to Salt Lake City, 30 miles (50 kilometers) from seven Utah ski resorts.

Flights between Karachi and Tehran by Pakistan International Airlines are scheduled to begin Wednesday. There will be one round-trip flight a week, the Iranian press agency IRNA reported Saturday, quoting a spokesman at the Pakistani Embassy in Tehran. The IRNA dispatch was monitored in Nicaragua. Service was ended after the outbreak of the Iran-Iraq war in 1980.

Swedish domestic flights have been disrupted by a strike by 7,000 meteorological department workers, according to press reports Sunday in Khartoum. International flights will be affected by a weeklong strike by engineers and technicians, the reports said.

The Vittoriano, the monument to former King Victor Emmanuel II and the tallest of Rome's major monuments, was opened to the public on Saturday for the first time since a bomb exploded on its steps in 1969. Parts of the interior will be open for guided tours.

This Week's Holidays

Banking and government offices will be closed or services curtailed in the following countries and their dependencies this week because of national and religious holidays:

MONDAY: Brazil, France, Ireland, Madagascar, Taiwan.

TUESDAY: Algeria, Andorra, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Congo, France, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, Haiti, Italy, Ivory Coast, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Macao, Madagascar, Mauritius, Monaco, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Rwanda, San Marino, Senegal, Seychelles, Spain, Vatican City, Venezuela, West Germany, Yugoslavia.

WEDNESDAY: Brazil, Ecuador, El Salvador, Haiti, Luxembourg, Macao, Mexico, San Marino, Uruguay, Vatican City.

THURSDAY: Ecuador, Japan, Jordan, Liberia, Panama.

FRIDAY: Andorra, Panama, Tonga, Vatican City.

SATURDAY: Finland, Sweden, Egypt.

SUNDAY: Morocco.

Source: Morgan Guaranty Trust Co., Reuters.

On-Site Test Data Animate U.S. Debate

By Michael R. Gordon
New York Times Service



GENSCHER IN CHINA — Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher of West Germany being guided to a motorcade by a Chinese security man after his arrival Sunday in Beijing. He called for talks to reduce conventional weapons and welcomed a call by Warsaw Pact foreign ministers to improve East-West security ties.

The latest verified test was conducted on Sept. 14 at the Semipalatinsk test site, which is in an unpopulated corner of the Soviet Republic of Kazakhstan, not far from the Chinese border.

The U.S. seismic-measurement process, in the opinion of many, also functioned well in the first experiment, which was conducted in August at the test site in Nevada.

But those results were discounted by some Reagan administration officials, who argued that it was not surprising that the seismic estimates were accurate since the United States has extensive knowledge of the geology of its own test site

and its effect of measurements of earth movement.

In the Soviet test at Semipalatinsk, a U.S. on-site measurement is said to have put the size of the blast at 115 kilotons, while a Soviet on-site measurement estimated it at 122 kilotons.

U.S. seismic measurement put the blast at 135 kilotons once adjustments were made to take account of the geological differences between the Soviet and U.S. sites, a government specialist said.

He added that seismic estimates would be even closer to those obtained in the on-site procedure if techniques were further refined to

take account of new information supplied by the Russians. Seeking to improve verification techniques, the Soviet Union and the United States exchanged data in June on the size of five old nuclear blasts.

A senior official asserted that the Reagan administration still believed that the on-site approach was better.

On-site measurements are "intrusive and expensive," said Troy E. Wade, acting assistant secretary of energy for defense programs. "But they are the most accurate," he continued. "If your purpose is verification of testing treaties, this is the way to do it."

WASHINGTON — Data gathered from a recent underground nuclear explosion at a Soviet test site, the second verification experiment conducted under a U.S.-Soviet agreement, have reignited a debate over the Reagan administration's stance in talks on nuclear testing.

The figures, which are classified, suggest that U.S. seismic measurements taken far from the test site were about as accurate in measuring the size of the blast as was the on-site verification approach that the United States favors.

The administration opposes congressional ratification of a 1974 treaty that limits the size of underground nuclear explosions to 150 kilotons unless verification of the agreement is improved. A kiloton is equal to the explosive force of 1,000 tons of TNT.

The United States says each side should have the right to conduct on-site measurements of all blasts greater than 50 kilotons. It favors using a technique called Cortex, in which a measurement cable is placed in a hole close to the blast.

The Russians have argued that only a limited number of on-site measurements should be taken as a way of assuring the accuracy of traditional seismic measurements, which are obtained far from the test site.

getting more weapons from the United States and that a new president would not want to sour his relations with Congress by requesting such aid early next year.

"We don't want to go on with this strident debate," he said in an interview last week. "It is getting us nowhere. What we would like to see is a coordinated, bipartisan approach."

He said the Contras were grateful for U.S. support, but that the next president should avoid the hyperbole used by Mr. Reagan to do-

scribe the conflict in Nicaragua. It was a mistake for Mr. Reagan to liken the Contras to the Founding Fathers, Mr. Palazio said, because that "opened us to ridicule."

If Nicaragua were as important to the United States as Mr. Reagan has said, then "your troops would be down there," Mr. Palazio said.

In a March 1985 speech, Mr. Reagan said the Nicaraguan insurgents were "the moral equal of our Founding Fathers." He repeated the comparison in September 1987.

But the following month, Mr. Reagan suspended efforts to get Congress to restore military aid to the Contras because, in the words of Martin Fitzwater, the White House spokesman, "We didn't have the time, we may not have had the votes and there was not a crying need" for such aid at the time.

Mr. Palazio said he "would not hesitate" to call Congress into a special session later this year if the Nicaraguan government attacked the rebels. But Mr. Palazio said, "I don't think the Sandinistas will be so stupid as to attack."

He also said that "even though military aid is out of the question as of now, democracy is no nearer in Nicaragua." Since Congress cut off military aid in February, he said, economic conditions in Nicaragua have deteriorated, popular discontent has increased and the government has become more repressive.

Mr. Palazio said he had no reason to believe that the next president could persuade Congress to send more weapons to the Contras.

"The next president will have a new opportunity to create a consensus on policy to Nicaragua and break this cycle of suspicion and confrontation," Mr. Palazio said.

Contra Decries Reagan's Tone

By Robert Pear
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The Nicaraguan rebels' chief representative in the United States has said that President Ronald Reagan hurt their cause by using "excessive rhetoric" and comparing them to America's Founding Fathers, and he said the next president should cooperate more closely with Congress on a Nicaragua policy.

Ernesto Palazio, the Contras' lobbyist, said the guerrillas recognized that they had virtually no chance of

getting more weapons from the United States and that a new president would not want to sour his relations with Congress by requesting such aid early next year.

"We don't want to go on with this strident debate," he said in an interview last week. "It is getting us nowhere. What we would like to see is a coordinated, bipartisan approach."

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Angolan Peace Talks Will Miss Another Deadline

By David B. Ottaway
Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The United States has been unable to arrange another round of talks among Cuba, South Africa and Angola in time to meet a deadline Tuesday for a peace settlement, according to U.S. and South African sources.

Officials from both governments said that not even informal consultations were expected before the Nov. 1 target that the negotiating parties set last summer.

The southern Africa talks, which began in May with the United States as a mediator, have now missed several deadlines to reach an accord.

A spokesman for the South African Embassy in Washington said that during the last two weeks there had been "no movement whatsoever" in the negotiations.

Cuba and Angola said after the last session of informal consultations in New York on Oct. 8 and 9 that the talks had reached an impasse and that the Cubans were not prepared to make any more concessions to South Africa.

Some U.S. officials believe Cuba and Angola may have decided to wait until after the U.S. presidential election Nov. 8.

George Bush, the Republican nominee, favors continued U.S. support, including arms, for anti-Communist Angolan rebels led by

Jonas Savimbi. Michael S. Dukakis, the Democratic nominee, has said he will end this policy and cut press for a Cuban troop withdrawal from Angola as part of a peace settlement in southern Africa.

Whether the United States continues its military assistance to Mr. Savimbi is believed to be a key factor in Cuban and Angolan calculations about further concessions on a timetable for withdrawal of the 50,000 Cubans stationed in Angola. The timing of the Cuban troop withdrawal is the main issue in the deadlocked negotiations.

A Cuban withdrawal is part of a package that the chief U.S. mediator, Chester A. Crocker, is trying to put together. It also would include independence for Namibia and guarantees for Angola's security.

Despite the latest deadline in the talks, sources close to the negotiations said last week that recent developments suggested that an agreement might be possible before

the Reagan administration leaves office in January.

South Africa, the sources said, has conveyed to the United States its readiness to make concessions on the timetable for a withdrawal of the Cuban troops.

This has led U.S. negotiators to believe that South Africa seriously wants a settlement and that Angola and Cuba, which are aware of the South African proposals, have not yet decided whether to make matching concessions.

Cuban and Angolan officials have insisted that their proposal for a 30-month withdrawal, with half of the Cuban troops leaving the first year, constituted what they termed their final concessions. South Africa has agreed to a U.S. proposal for a 24-month timetable and wants to see 75 percent of all Cuban troops leave the first year.

Another major factor in Cuban and Angolan calculations on the timetable has been the 13-year-old

civil war between the Angolan government and Mr. Savimbi's National Union for the Total Independence of Angola, which is known as UNITA.

A settlement of the civil war is not a formal part of the negotiations, but the issue continues to hang heavily over the talks. Without a political settlement, the war seems certain to continue. If it does, Angola and Cuba are less likely to make concessions, according to U.S. specialists.

U.S. officials said there had been signs of progress toward a possible political resolution of the civil war.

After refusing to negotiate with UNITA, President Jose Eduardo dos Santos of Angola said this month for the first time that he "ought talks with it were" a possibility. In an interview Oct. 5 with the Paris newspaper Liberation, he also said he wanted "a just and honorable peace for all," adding, "for Jonas Savimbi, too."

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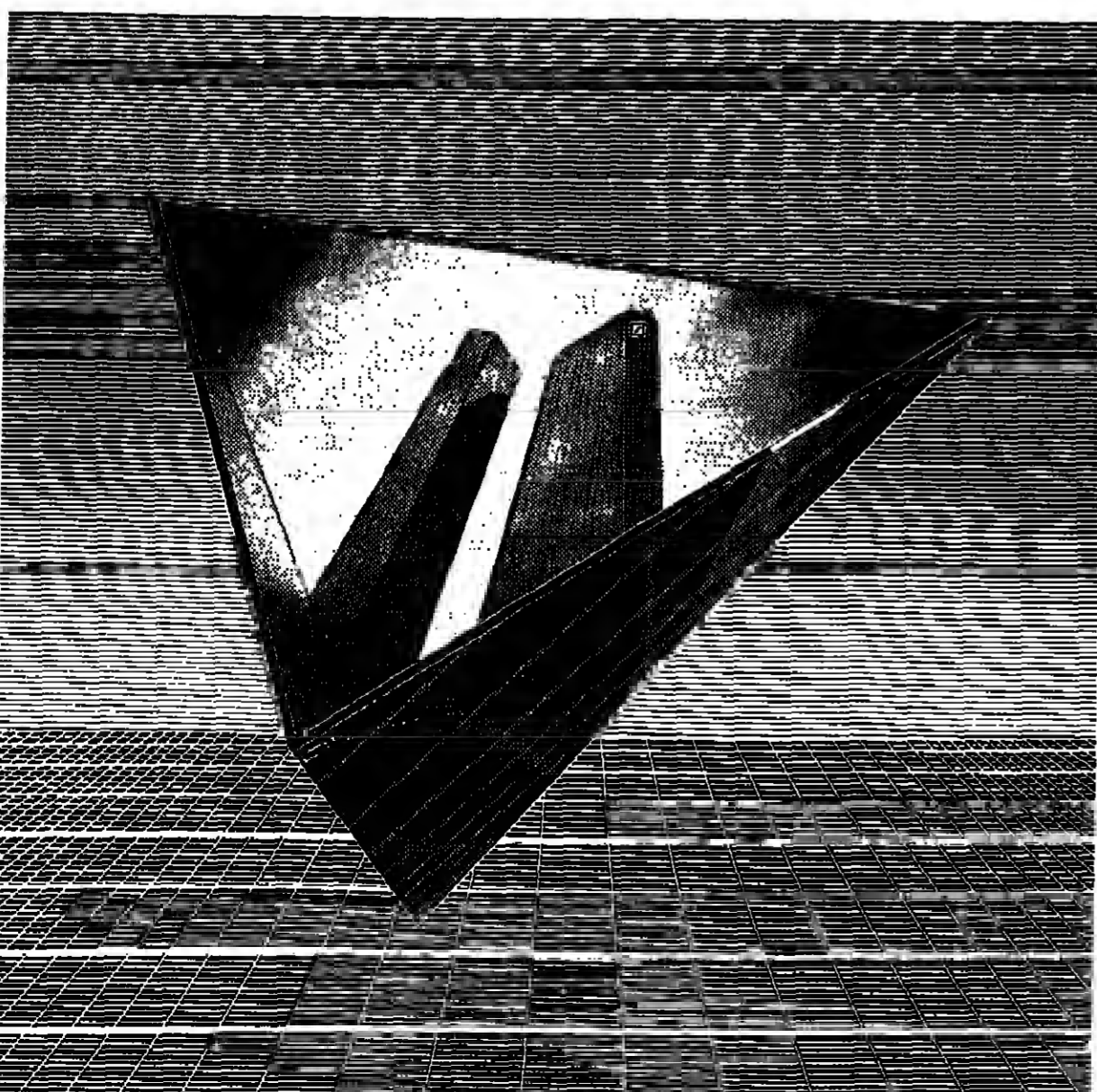
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Bush and Dukakis Emphasize Issues Of Economic Class

By E.J. Dionne Jr.

WASHINGTON — With just over a week to go before the election, the U.S. presidential race is largely focusing on issues of economic class, with Governor Michael S. Dukakis accusing Vice President George Bush of favoring the rich, and Mr. Bush asserting that his rival is seeking to divide the country.

Although the latest public polls done nationally still show Mr. Bush with a substantial lead, high-ranking officials in both campaigns, citing their own polls in key states such as Ohio and Pennsylvania, say the race has grown closer.

This change, they say, is a result of Mr. Dukakis's winning back the votes of some Democrats who had strayed.

Given those polls, Mr. Bush is unlikely to diminish his tough critique of Mr. Dukakis. Indeed, the Republicans are pondering several new lines of attack on the governor, including one that focuses on his appointment of Massachusetts judges whom they deem to be "liberal."

Meanwhile, Mr. Dukakis's organization, pleased by evidence that the new populist approach is helping tighten the race, intends to continue hitting hard at the vice president's campaign tactics and to highlight Bush ideas that, the Democrats contend, would benefit only the well off, notably the proposal to reduce the capital gains tax.

The final stages of the campaign are likely to come down to an all-out battle for five states: California, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan and Pennsylvania. Most analyses of the electoral vote hold that Mr. Dukakis needs all of them — plus New York, where he has an edge — to have a chance at the 270 electoral votes that would mean victory. Taken together, these six states have 175.

That Mr. Dukakis needs to sweep these states suggests that the vice president still enjoys a large advantage in the campaign's final days.

Lee Atwater, Mr. Bush's campaign manager, summed up the end game this way: "They are going to be campaigning in their base, and we are going to be campaigning in their base."

As for Mr. Bush's own base, he has a solid lead in states that together cast 200 electoral votes, and Mr. Dukakis does not appear to be in a position to challenge in any of them.

Both sides say that Mr. Dukakis is making the bulk of his gains among Democrats who have felt a weak commitment to their party.

Mr. Bush appeared to signal his recognition of that appeal when, in a campaign stop in Illinois, he asserted that Mr. Dukakis was being divisive.



Mr. Bush picking out a Halloween pumpkin while on a campaign swing through Illinois.

Canadian Election Becomes Tight As Liberals Surge After TV Debates

By John F. Burns

TORONTO — Despite predictions of a return to power by Prime Minister Brian Mulroney's Progressive Conservatives, the Canadian election has suddenly turned into a horse race, according to the latest opinion samplings.

Until two televised debates among the leaders of the three main political parties last week, the governing Progressive Conservatives appeared to be on course for another parliamentary majority in the general election on Nov. 21.

But John Turner, leader of the opposition Liberals, turned in a sparkling performance in the debates and was judged their overwhelming winner in opinion surveys, among the 17 million voters, made public on Saturday.

He now appears to have created new momentum for what had been a lackluster Liberal campaign and to have thrown the Progressive Conservatives onto the defensive.

The touchstone of the Liberals' surge has been Mr. Turner's success in raising popular anxieties about the free-trade agreement with the United States that is due to go into effect on Jan. 1.

The agreement, which would mark the end of a century of protectionism by Canada, is the centerpiece of the Progressive Conservatives' record under Mr. Mulroney.

The accord would almost certainly be abandoned if Mr. Mulroney failed to win a majority in the House of Commons.

One sign of the turnaround since the debates has been on the election trail, where Mr. Turner, 59, whose campaign had been plagued by stumbles, held a series of triumphal rallies in the last three days in New Scotia, Ontario, and Quebec.

The opinion poll made public on Saturday showed the Progressive Conservatives, who had a large lead in earlier surveys, falling into a tie with the Liberals.

The poll, by Angus Reid Associates, showed the Progressive Conservatives and the Liberals each drawing the support of 35 percent of decided voters, with a second opinion group, the New Democrats, taking 28 percent.

Compared with a Reid poll taken shortly after the election was called on Oct. 1, the figures showed a drop of 10 percentage points for the Progressive Conservatives, a rise of 9 percentage points for the Liberals, and a one-point rise for the New Democrats, who also oppose the free-trade pact.

If results on election day followed the latest Reid poll, the outcome would probably be a minority government by the Progressive Conservatives or the Liberals.

AMERICAN TOPICS

Candidates Meet on the Low Road In Senate Campaign in New Jersey

The U.S. Senate race in New Jersey has become a grudge match, The New York Times reports. Frank R. Lautenberg, the Democratic incumbent, says, "Unfortunately, it's become personal." His Republican challenger, Pete Dawkins, replies that the senator "has built his entire campaign around ridiculing me."

Encountering Mr. Dawkins, 50, on the campaign trail, Mr. Lautenberg, 64, has gleefully welcomed him to "another small New Jersey town," a reference to his opponent's gaffe about how he would "blow my brains out" if he had to live in a provincial environment.

Mr. Dawkins responded that the joke had become "old and tired — just like you, Frank." In an interview, he called Mr. Lautenberg a "swamp dog" and promised to drag him "out of the swamp," tie him down "leg by leg" and "stomp on him."

After a Lautenberg ad saying that Mr. Dawkins, who moved from New York to New Jersey only last year, would move any place and say anything in order to get elected, a Dawkins ad, showing an unflattering likeness of Mr. Lautenberg, accused the senator of having "personally pocketed tens of thousands of dollars trading stocks of companies that do business with the government."

With ominous organ music in the background, the ad concluded, "Frank Lautenberg. He'll do almost anything to get elected, as long as he can make some money on the side."

Senator William Proxmire, that model of probity, freely admits agreeing to confirmation of judges recommended by Senator Strom Thurmond in return for getting Mr. Thurmond to stop blocking the international treaty outlawing genocide. For most of his 31 years in the Senate, Mr. Proxmire, a Wisconsin Democrat who is retiring in January, had campaigned for approval of the treaty. It finally came this month. He told The New York Times, "Getting some incompetent judges in re-

turn for the world's leading nation joining the treaty is a good price."

Michael Feinstein, the singer-pianist currently on Broadway performing songs by the likes of George Gershwin, Jerome Kern and Irving Berlin, says, "My objective as a performer is to over get in the way of a song. It's ego that messes up most performers, thinking that you're more important than the work."

Short Takes

The tranquility of autumn is being increasingly disturbed by motor-driven leaf blowers. They work faster than rakes with far less effort, but their deafening whine, in the words of Shaun Schlich, a Middletown, New Jersey, lawyer, "sounds like a 747 landing in your street." In 1987, Americans bought 1.2 million leaf machines, up from 340,000 in 1982. "They are terrific," says Timothy Barnes of Hastings-on-Hudson, New York. He has a three-acre (1.2 hectare) yard. "A lot less tiring," says John F. Cockerill, of Scarsdale, New York. "I think we could all use the exercise," counters Lisbe Elwyn of Ossining, New York. "Raking in the yard is psychologically wonderful. It's creative and productive."

A bid to give landmark status to the Chicago home of the Prohibition-era gangster Al Capone has been rejected by a city landmarks committee after pleas from Italian-American organizations. "Memorialize Al and you stereotype all Italians," said Carl DeMoon, president of the Joint Civic Committee of Italian Americans. But Tim Samuelson, a landmarks commission staff employee, argued, "History is the best weapon we have for putting Capone away once and for all." The committee's 3-0 decision is subject to review by the Illinois Historic Preservation Agency.

Shorter Takes: "Amazing Grace" is the most frequently sung hymn in Baptist churches, according to survey by a Southern Baptist committee working on a new hymnal. The words and music were written 200 years ago by the English composer John Newton. • Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo, who in 1542 became the first European to discover the site of Los Angeles, called it the Bay of Smoke for the haze from Indian campfires. He thus became, says the Los Angeles Times, "the first in a long line of observers to make a nasty crack about Southern California."

Arthur Higbee

U.S. to Oversee Medical Treatments

WASHINGTON — The government, facing ever-rising health care costs, plans to use computers to analyze treatments by doctors to curb ineffective, unnecessary or harmful practices, according to the chief of the Medicare program.

Payments for misguided care could, in time, be severely cut as the government and, it is expected, doctors' organizations and such private insurers as Blue Cross-Blue Shield join in setting new treatment guidelines.

Such nationwide monitoring of the care of all Americans, not only Medicare patients, and the resulting better care, would be medicine's "next revolution," said Dr. William Roper, the Medicare administrator.

The new "Effectiveness Initiative" would be aimed first, he said Friday, at getting "better value" for the \$80 billion a year the government spends on the 33 million Medicare beneficiaries.

Doctors, he said, have been among those who have led in exploring the lack of knowledge about many treatments. He cited recent efforts by the American College of Physicians and an American Medical Association-Rand Corp. project to develop "practice parameters," or guidelines based on a better knowledge of what works.

Dr. Roper said the federal Health Care Financing Administration, which he heads, expects private physicians, rather than the government, to set the new practice standards.

"Some of what is done today is unnecessary," he said. Thirteen leading physicians, convened by the National Academy of Science's Institute of Medicine at the Health Care Financing Administration's request, met in Washington last week to pick the major areas in which studies should begin.

The committee tentatively chose several priority areas accounting for billions of dollars of care a year. Among them were treatment of angina pectoris, heart attacks, breast cancer, prostate trouble, hip fractures and strokes.

U.S. Will Maintain Its Foreign Bases

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Virtually all the hundreds of military bases operated by the United States in foreign nations must remain open for the time being, the Pentagon says in a classified report to a special commission.

But the report also said that some of the overseas bases might be closed in the future. It singled out bases in Panama as an example, according to a letter accompanying the report.

The report was delivered earlier this month to the House and Senate Armed Services Committees and to the Defense Secretary's Commission on Base Realignment and Closure, which is examining ways to save money by closing bases in the United States.

But Congress directed the Pentagon to report to the commission on plans for overseas bases as well, because any decision to bring home troops stationed abroad might mean that bases in the United States should be kept open.

THE HUSTINGS

Parties Joust Over Texas Hispanics

HOUSTON (NYT) — The battle for the Hispanic vote in Texas has been given new urgency in a weeklong barrage of charges and countercharges.

The dispute began Tuesday when the Texas secretary of state, Jack Rains, a Republican, ordered the impounding of absentee ballots in heavily Hispanic Hidalgo County in southern Texas. He said the improperly printed ballots could have resulted in the invalidation of votes for Vice President George Bush.

The move was criticized by Democrats, who said the action and Mr. Rains' directives to county clerks and election judges were part of an effort to frighten Mexican-American voters away from the polls. On Friday, the Mexican-American Legal Defense and Education Fund, a national civil rights organization, filed suit against Mr. Rains, alleging that his conduct of election procedures was a violation of federal voting rights laws.

Bush Aide Disavows Letter on Israel

WASHINGTON (NYT) — The campaign of Governor Michael S. Dukakis has called on Mr. Bush to disavow a mailing sent to Arab-Americans charging that Mr. Dukakis would be "no more than Israel's errand boy."

Ed Rogers, a spokesman for the Bush campaign, said: "The letter was not cleared by this campaign. We did not know about the letter. And based upon what we have heard about the letter without having seen it, it does not represent the views of this campaign."

The letter, mailed to about 1,000 Arab-American Republicans by the Arab-American Republican Federation, was sent out over the name of Paul Findley, a former Republican congressman from Illinois, who is a strong critic of U.S. policy in the Middle East. The letter describes Mr. Dukakis as "a dangerous ovoid in foreign policy."

"Given this handicap and the enormous financial support he is accepting from pro-Israel political action committees," the letter said, "he could, as president, be no more than Israel's errand boy."

Reagan Is Not on Dukakis's Side

SANTA BARBARA, California (AP) — President Ronald Reagan ridiculed Mr. Dukakis in his weekly radio address, asserting that the Democrat was trying to make voters believe that he had changed sides.

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Fly with us and discover why we're proud to say "We are Canadian."

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ORLD BRIEFS

ce Detain 85 After Pro

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Prague

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outside the capital.

Drops Main Political

Less than a week before a referendum on

ballot referendum has dismissed his

legal party.

Mezardet, who was in charge of the

ment secretary, was considered a

replace him on Saturday.

placed general Mirko Lichner, who

giving the post to Colonel Lichner, who

in the Albanian Army. The reform

up follows political and economic

Thursday.

ks Found on DC-9 Wing

A series of small cracks seen

wings of the older McDonnell Douglas

Aviation Administration has

the cracks, the largest only about an

to no matter comparable to an

the agency recently to require

inspection requirements for DC-9

the DC-9s, belonging to Northern

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inspections were instituted last year, the

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DC-9 problem.

VEL UPDATE

ect Moves to Ease Tra

Artline officials say they are

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the (trans-Canada) Inter-

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a task force to study ways of

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States, says New York Times, general

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Bhutan's King to Tie the Knots Again

Washington Post Service
NEW DELHI — King Jigme Singye Wangchuck of Bhutan will marry four sisters on Monday.

Actually, the king, long referred to as one of Asia's most eligible bachelors, married the sisters nine years ago, but in keeping with his desire to avoid publicity, it was a private ceremony then.

The king now has eight children by his four wives and a main reason for the public ceremony is that the eldest, Prince Jigme Gesar Namgyal Wangchuck, who is 8, is to be named heir to the throne during the wedding celebrations.

All this was explained on Sunday by Bhutan's foreign minister, Dewa Tenzing, who came to New Delhi to announce the wedding and to apologize to the diplomatic corps: In keeping with the king's desire for privacy, no outsiders will be invited to the ceremony.

The four sisters are descendants of ancient Bhutanese royalty. The foreign minister ex-

plained that marriage to sisters and polygamy are not rare in Bhutanese society.

"Marriage to sisters is a very common practice," he said. "There is a lot of justification, even for economic reasons."

Wedged in the foothills of the Himalayas among India, Nepal and Tibet, Bhutan is a country of about 1.4 million people living on 18,000 square miles (46,500 square kilometers) of territory, much of it almost inaccessible mountains and valleys. The country is so remote that its first roads were paved only in the 1960s and few outsiders come to visit.

This is a splendid isolation that the royal family is happy to maintain while living a simple life. The king, for example, is said to live in a small house and to visit his four wives in their separate homes.

"The late king and the present king are extremely simple people who do not like public show or ostentation," the foreign minister said. "The late king was never in the

capital on his birthday because he did not want people to pay homage."

While the king is only 34 years old, there apparently has been concern to clarify the Bhutanese succession. Thus the king's marriage had to be celebrated in a more public fashion.

"Within these nine years, a lot of pressure has been building," the foreign minister continued. "People feel a private wedding is not enough for a king, that the line of succession needs to be laid down. There was a feeling that there could be complications if the line of succession was not laid down."

The wedding Monday in Punakha, the ancient capital of Bhutan, is to be attended only by family members and the high clergy, but in an apparent bow to pressure to celebrate the marriage publicly, it will be followed by three days of festivities.

There are no invitations to the wedding outside the country," the minister said. "It is purely a national event. The fact we are designating the next heir to the throne would not be of much interest to the outside world."

ELECTION: Letter Disowned

(Continued from Page 1)

party organization they have in the country.

He pulled out a campaign flyer, holding it up for the camera, and said, "Here's a flyer that says George Bush is nuts."

Asked who had originated it, he said, "It's a Victory '88 flyer that was put in the name of the local party."

Suggesting that the Dukakis campaign had acquiesced in it, he said, "That may well have been approved at a higher level."

He said that negative campaigning had originated at the Democratic National Convention in July, where, he said, the nation "witnessed for three days the absolute savaging of the vice president of the United States by almost everyone in the Democratic Party."

He detested a Bush television ad asserting that 268 prisoners flogged by Mr. Dukakis had later escaped. CBS reporter, Leslie Stahl, told him that only 4 prisoners had escaped and that the ad was an example of false advertising.

"It is off the air," Mr. Baker responded. "I don't admit that it is misleading, and I don't admit that it's incorrect."

Campaigning in California on Sunday, Mr. Dukakis held Mr. Bush personally responsible for the Maryland literature.

In a separate televised interview Sunday, Senator Bob Dole of Kansas, Republican leader in the Senate, suggested that Mr. Bush's hard-and-fast promise not to raise taxes might be unrealistic.

Mr. Dole, a former presidential primary opponent of the vice president, said on NBC that he believed a federal budget could be worked out next year that could avoid increases in individual income tax rates. But he noted that Mr. Bush had made a sweeping pledge not to raise federal taxes.

"That's going to be a hard thing to accomplish," Mr. Dole said. "Maybe he can do it. I hope he can. I want to help him, and I'll be glad to support him and lead the effort. But I wouldn't say there's a 100 percent chance we can do it."

Responding to Mr. Dole's comments, the vice president said in Philadelphia: "He knows what I said and what I believe, and I'm now just going to do my best. But first, I want to win this election. That's the key."



HEAVY WORK FOR POLICE AT U.S. ABORTION PROTEST — Police carrying away a protester in Houston, one of at least 27 U.S. cities where demonstrators tried to block entrances to abortion clinics. He and other demonstrators had locked themselves to barrels of cement placed in a driveway. Organizers of the mainly peaceful weekend protests said 2,212 people had been arrested.

JAPAN: Takeshita Is Pushing Tax Reform to Save Waning Reputation

(Continued from page 1)

pan's legislature, since the affair came to light five months ago.

Late last week the prime minister signalled his readiness to push a bill through parliament this year whether or not opposition parties participate in debates now set to begin on Friday.

It is an unusual step in Japanese politics, to some extent suggesting the administration's increasing political anxieties.

At the same time, Mr. Takeshita is widely expected to begin han-

dling out new deals with opposition parties to secure their support. Some opposition leaders have already been identified as purchasers of Recruit stock; the prime minister is believed to be withholding the names of others as bargaining chips in the Diet.

If anything, the Recruit affair may eventually strengthen Mr. Takeshita's hand within the ruling party itself. Neither Mr. Nakasone nor Mr. Miyazawa, who lead opposing party factions, have given up hope of leading the nation in the

future, but neither is now likely to realize these ambitions.

It is uncertain how the Recruit scandal has altered the fortunes of Mr. Abe, a close associate of Mr. Takeshita and the strongest contender to succeed him. Although he, too, has clearly suffered in the affair, it remains that he may still assume the prime ministership, if only by default.

As legislative business proceeds in the Diet in coming weeks, it is likely to remind Japanese voters that little can be expected to change as a result of the Recruit

scandal. For many, it will underscore the extent to which the case is one of *kozo oshoko*, or structural corruption, a term Japanese journalists felt obliged to coin more than a decade ago.

"The core of the issue is money and the politicians' need to raise campaign funds more or less continuously," said Robert M. Orr, a Tokyo political scientist and a former Diet aide.

"The unfortunate fact," he said, "is that it's unlikely to disappear without radical reforms in electoral laws."

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ISRAEL: A Lifeless Campaign

(Continued from page 1)

pledge to crack down harder on the uprising.

"Strategically, they both believe in the Haganah's 'Yes' War theory," said a Jerusalem Post columnist, Yosef Goell. "The differences are at the tactical level. Likud takes the bulldog approach — you dig in and you hold fast and say no until the other side breaks — whereas Labor sees the nuances and wants to be more flexible."

Labor's opposition to talking with the PLO is subject to repeal if the organization ever agrees to recognize Israel's existence and its right to secure borders — as embodied in United Nations Security Council resolutions 242 and 338 — and if it renounces terrorism.

Likud's opposition is more immutable. As a senior Shamir aide, Yosef Ben-Aharon, said recently, talking to the PLO is the first step toward an independent Palestinian state.

Labor's peace platform is essentially the same as it has been for 21

years of Israeli military occupation: the so-called Allon Plan, which calls for withdrawal of Israeli troops from Arab population centers, but for permanent control over vast stretches of strategic West Bank river valleys and hillsides.

And despite the intifada's gnawing and the withdrawal this summer of King Hussein of Jordan from a role in the occupied territories, Labor emphasizes the "Jordanian option" — negotiations under the auspices of an international conference with a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation in which Hussein somehow would restrain the more radical Palestinians.

But many Israeli voters appear aware of longstanding Jordanian and Palestinian objections to the Allon Plan and few appear to view Hussein as a viable negotiating partner. Perhaps worse, some analysts believe many Israelis have developed a sense of fatalism about prospects for peace.

ABORTION: Effective Pill Raises an Issue of Goals

(Continued from Page 1)

ministration halted promising federal research on fetal tissue transplants and called on a group of medical, ethical, religious and legal experts to report on the implications of such research.

After bruising deliberation, the majority of that panel concluded that fetal tissue transplants, when separated from the moral arguments surrounding abortion, are an acceptable public policy and, in a draft response, recommended that they resume.

But the message was made clear to researchers: This area of exploration is not going to proceed on scientific merit alone.

The RU 486 issue makes that case even more pointedly. The drug has been widely regarded as among the most significant breakthroughs in medicine for women. Taken orally, it blocks the hormone progesterone from reaching uterine cell receptors. Without that hormone, the uterine lining breaks down and the fertilized egg is expelled.

The drug, which must be taken within the first seven weeks of pregnancy, could supplant surgery as the main method of abortion in much of the world. It is already used widely in China, and population planning organizations see it as having the potential to solve some of the developing world's most pressing population problems.

"This has the potential to be revolutionary," said Dr. Joseph Speidel, the president of the Population Crisis Committee. "Millions of women who are now endangered

by unsafe abortions could benefit from RU 486."

Some scientists argue that there has been a backlash against the abundance of new technologies that appear capable of altering the basic mechanics of life. Others say that the choices have simply become more difficult to comprehend. Many women, for example, struggle with the decision to abort a fetus once they have found that they may pass a devastating genetic disease to the baby.

"What these technologies have allowed us to do is to create concrete realities for moral arguments which used to be conducted only in thought," said Daniel Robinson, the chairman of the psychology department at Georgetown University and a member of the federal panel considering the use of human fetal tissue in medical research.

What makes the issue of the abortion pill so difficult is that laws surrounding abortion are not necessarily the only criteria used to determine whether they can be performed.

Abortion is legal in most of the world, including the United States. If it is permissible for an American woman to enter a clinic to undergo surgery, many of those who support abortion ask how opponents could prevent the same woman from reaching the same goal by taking a drug.

"It is so easy to see that political arguments can totally obscure the science of a drug like RU 486," said Dr. Mark L. Evans, director of reproductive genetics at Hutzel Hospital in Detroit and a member of the ethics committee of the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists.

"It's hard to know how to proceed," he said. "If the release of such a vital drug can, and will, be held hostage to such a minority of the American public who oppose abortion. It really becomes an issue that is beyond our scope."

Sale of New Drug Unlikely Soon in U.S., Experts Say

New York Times Service
NEW YORK — Although the abortion-inducing drug RU 486 is back on the market in France, observers say it will be years before the drug could be sold in the United States, even if a company decides to try to market it there.

And if it does enter the U.S. market, financial analysts and experts on reproductive issues agree, it is unlikely to be introduced by a large drug company. In the last few years, they say, large companies have virtually abandoned efforts to develop new drugs for contraception and abortion.

Leaders of anti-abortion groups say that this situation is a result of their efforts, but drug companies and outside experts say that such pressure is not a major factor. Instead, they cite high research costs, relatively low potential profit and the enormous risk that liability suits present.

But as with any drug not approved for marketing in the United States, American women will be able to bring back RU 486 from France for their own use.

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INTERNATIONAL MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS '1990'S

in the

A major international conference cosponsored by the International Herald Tribune and Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher, and Flom

LONDON, NOVEMBER 10, 1988

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DELAY: Soviet Shuttle

(Continued from page 1)

Buran is the Russian word for snowstorm.

The unmanned shuttle was due to complete at least two orbits of the Earth in preparation for manned flights at a time that has not been specified.

But a platform used for guidance equipment, which is attached to an emergency escape tunnel for the crew on manned flights, did not swing back far enough.

The Soviet press agency Tass first said that the launching would be delayed for four hours. Later it announced an indefinite postponement.

Mr. Gudilin said that the fuel tanks of Energia were drained and that systems aboard the booster and the shuttle would be rechecked before the booster was refueled.

The postponement was the third setback to the Soviet space program in recent weeks.

Last month, malfunctions in the landing system of a Soyuz TM space capsule forced its two-man crew to spend an extra day in space. Several days before, the Soviet Union announced it had lost contact with the Mars probe Phobos 1.

Despite the setbacks, Western experts say the Soviet Union maintains a strong position in the space race by advancing on several fronts simultaneously rather than concentrating, as the United States has, on a shuttle program alone.

The Soviets have developed an impressive lead in space station technology with the Mir orbiting station, in which Vladimir Titov and Musa Manarov are 10 months into a planned one-year stay in space.

The Energia rocket, which had a successful first launching in May 1987, can put a payload of more than 100 metric tons into orbit.

HITE: No Sex, Please, Just Talking

(Continued from Page 1)

pling said they wanted to make basic changes in their relationships and marriages; 70 percent of women married more than five years are having sex outside of marriage, although most of them believe in monogamy; after 20 years of the women's movement, 78 percent say they still have to fight in their love relationships, for respect and their rights.

Although no sex researcher so far has come up with a generally accepted statistical approach, Hite's methodology was fiercely attacked. It is reasonable to argue that the women who troubled to answer Hite's long questionnaire might be more liberated, or more unhappy, than the average, but Hite was also slated for sending her questionnaires only to women's groups. The "women's groups" were in fact groups of women (including church centers and retirement homes), which is quite another thing.

Hite recklessly fueled the dispute by pretending to be her secretary during a telephone conversation with a reporter, by giving the impression that her book had been approved by an authority who had never read it and by slipping a limo driver who she felt had insulted her. Even Time magazine's cover story on her was, she says, negative, in that it called her an ex-model in its first paragraph and didn't mention that she had gone to graduate school until the end. "I don't know who read that far," she said.

At the heat of the fray, a group of prominent feminists signed a petition stating, "Terribly important issues that concern women's lives and health, in particular the emotional, psychological and physical abuse of women, are being obscured by the media's assault on Shere Hite's new book... The attack on Hite's work is part of the current conservative backlash, which is not so much directed against a single woman as at the rights of women everywhere." Women who signed the petition included Ti-Grace Atkinson, Kate Millett and Gloria Steinem.

"I certainly didn't expect to be attacked as I was," Hite said. "Compared with the point of view of some of my feminist friends like Ti-Grace in the early days, this book is relatively soft. After all, women are saying they want love to work, all they want is for men to be a little different, so that's a relatively conservative point of view."

The book's prose style is dreadful but a persuasive picture of loneliness and bewilderment does emerge: 98 percent of the women would like more verbal closeness with the men they love, 82 percent say they feel loneliest when married to someone with whom they cannot talk, 82 percent feel they lack credi-

bility with the men they love. "As much as women want freedom," Hite writes, "they also want love, and they cannot understand why the two should be contradictory."

Hite joined the women's movement when she was modeling and had just played a secretary in a TV ad for "a typewriter so smart that she doesn't have to be."

"The women's movement was sort of naive in a way," she said. "We thought we'd document inequality and then men would say this isn't fair and change it all." She would like now to do a book that takes the subject of equality beyond gender relations to a study of what democracy means in America today.

"In the small town in Missouri where I grew up we were taught that democracy meant everyone should be respected. Today there is such a search for power and privilege that many people feel they are demeaned simply by being 'unimportant.' Are we going to have justice and equality or are we just a nation of pigs over there? You can quote me on that one: It's getting pretty stinky."

The subtitle of "Women and Love" is "A Cultural Revolution in Progress." The revolution, she says, hasn't progressed much "although women are seeing life in a different way even if they can't do much about it."

While in Simone de Beauvoir's "The Second Sex" woman was simply the Other, now Hite writes that the Other is no longer trapped within the system because she has seen that it is simply a system and not a biological fact, and so change is possible.

"Over and over, women say they love their freedom, it could almost be a theme song for this book," she writes. But as a theme song it seems distinctly muted: less a triumphal march, one might say, than a version of "The You Don't Know the Half of It Dearie Blues."

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Jayawardene and Foes End Talks Over Killings

Agence France-Press
COLOMBO — Talks between President Junius R. Jayawardene and a seven-party opposition alliance, aimed at halting political killings in Sri Lanka, ended Sunday without results, an opposition spokesman said.

The spokesman said the government had demanded assurances that the Janatha Vimukthi Peramuna, or People's Liberation Front, would give up violence and join the political process. He said the alliance could not speak for the Sinhalese extremist group.

OPINION

Herald INTERNATIONAL Tribune

Preferably Dukakis

Two Good Men

What a sour, superficial, misleading campaign. George Bush is not the nasty propagandist that his harsh attacks have made him seem.

Strong or Rigid?

"Where Bush has seemed too flighty, Dukakis looked too confined," Garry Willis concluded last week in a compelling Public Broadcasting documentary.

The 1988 Campaign

The campaign has been unusually superficial. Compare it with 1980: In his nomination acceptance speech, Ronald Reagan spent five paragraphs detailing his energy policies.

Where They Stand

Why has this been such a no-issue campaign? The public is as responsible as the candidates.

Resilient or Weak?

In the New Hampshire primary, aides to Senator Bob Dole contemplated mocking Mr. Bush as someone who left no footprints in the snow.

Straight Talk by an African to Africans

By Flora Lewis

OTA, Nigeria — Oluşegan Obasanjo, former head of state and still a powerful personality of Nigeria, says it straight out: "The bold fact is that Africa is a continent in dereliction and decay."

What is taking place in Africa," he says, "it is difficult to believe that we inhabit the same historical time as these other countries."

General Obasanjo sees the only possible solution in getting people to be more productive, more responsible for themselves.

Defense Program or Public Works Project?

By Franklin C. Spinney

WASHINGTON — Spending hundreds of billions of tax dollars will always involve a struggle for power.

The writer works in the office of the U.S. secretary of defense. He is the author of "Defense Facts of Life: The Plans-Reality Mismatch."

ers, artfully dispersed among 48 states, produced 100 airplanes.

Political engineering corrupts the entire defense decision process. The aim is to paralyze Congress by buying its constituents bit by bit.

Success-oriented testing, rigged to produce favorable results, has ominous implications. In war it needlessly risks the lives of U.S. fighting men.

The pattern of money flow is troubling. In 1987, 75 percent of contract dollars flowed into 14 states having 50.2 percent of the electoral votes.

Defenders of the selective modernization strategy argue that smaller quantities are acceptable, indeed preferable, because U.S. weapons are more sophisticated and capable than Soviet weapons.

Defense budget changes do indeed correlate with job changes. Between 1980 and 1986, defense-related jobs in the United States fell by 69 percent to about 3.25 million.

Instead of appointing the standard blue ribbon panel of high-level establishment types, he should encourage free and open debate by forming three competitive teams.

Put Chemical Arms Beyond the Pale

By Stephen S. Rosenfeld

WASHINGTON — A glint of a special arms control mission has appeared in George Bush's eye. It concerns chemical weapons.

Iraq used chemicals repeatedly against Iranian forces, shock off repeated United Nations denunciations and condemnations, and gained a military edge.

None of the items in the Reagan policy or the Bush program offers much promise of keeping a determined Libyan government from moving to production, deployment and use.

The Dynasty Isn't What India Needs

By Robin Jeffrey

MELBOURNE — Four years ago this Monday, Rajiv Gandhi became prime minister of India after the assassination of his mother, Indira.

India's pollsters, themselves a sign of vast social change, speculate about whether Mr. Gandhi's party can win even a bare majority in Parliament in general elections that must be held in the next 15 months.

The greatest triumph of his honeymoon first year in office was the signing of an agreement in Punjab which permitted elections to be held and looked as if it might curtail terrorism.

When he came to power, Mr. Gandhi fostered hopes that genuine cabinet government and grass roots party-building were a possibility.

Intended as a puppet, Mrs. Gandhi was put in the prime minister's chair. Within five years she had made it her own by systematically destroying the old Congress Party.

It need not be so. The Indian state is so strong that it does not require single-family rule. The death of Mr. Shastri robbed the country of the chance to develop confidence in a more broadly based political system.

The writer, who teaches politics at La Trobe University in Melbourne, is author of "What's Happening to India?" He contributed this column to the International Herald Tribune.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE JOHN HAY WHITNEY, Chairman 1988-1992. KATHARINE GRAHAM, WILLIAM S. PALEY, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER Co-Chairman.

100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO 1888: Miss Liberty Feted PARIS — An anniversary banquet, commemorating the inauguration of the Statue of Liberty in New York Bay (on Oct. 28, 1886), took place on Oct. 29 at the Hotel Continental.

1938: Japanese Threat SHANGHAI — Promising to give President Franklin Roosevelt "staring details" concerning Japan's effort to drive American business out of China, W. H. Plant, president of the American Chamber of Commerce in Shanghai and manager of the Par Eastern division of United States Steel Corporation, sailed for the United States today (Oct. 30) to fight for the open-door policy.

J. J. Scialoja

TO MAKING COPIES 04-93 TOSHIBA

FROM WRITING ORIGINALS

MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1988

Negative Takeover Fever Dents Corporate Paper

PARIS — U.S. corporate bonds took a hit last week, both domestically and in the Eurobond market, as investors reassessed the risk of holding paper that virtually overnight could become junk bonds.

Prices of 10-year bonds were on average down 1 percent, or \$10 per \$1,000 investment, a big move for a market where weekly price changes are normally

Bond dealers described the setback as "not a disaster, but serious." Earlier in the week, prices had been off more sharply but recovered somewhat as bargain hunters moved in.

The only exceptions to the downturn were industrial giants such as IBM, General Motors and General Electric, which are still considered too big to fail prey to predators.

In the Eurobond market, the bulk of the price erosion was due to dealers cutting prices in the wake of the New York falls and in anticipation of sales, rather than the result of wholesale dumping by investors.

TRADITIONALLY, the Swiss have been the biggest buyers of corporate Eurobonds, preferring to invest "in companies who make money doing something rather than in countries who just spend money," said Billy Meyer, an assistant vice president at Union Bank of Switzerland.

At Bank Julius Baer, Peter Hangartner said the net selling of U.S. names began two years ago. "We shy away" from making new investments in U.S. names and "are rethinking" positions still held in portfolios, he said.

American bankers say that to overcome the current hostility of domestic and international investors, U.S. industrial companies will be obliged to provide bondholders greater protection against so-called "event risk" — the danger of credit downgrading not reflected in the balance sheet or profit-and-loss statement — through more toughly worded bond contracts.

"We believe a new standard of language will emerge which triggers a put when an outside party acquires 20 to 50 percent of the outstanding common stock," Kipper, Peabody & Co. said in a memo circulated to its investment bankers.

The inclusion of strong put language will save most industrial issuers 20 to 30 basis points on a long-term financing, said the investment house. "The specific inclusion of leveraged buyout protection would result in further savings to the issuer although it may inhibit future flexibility."

Some companies already use such language as part of their poison-pill strategy to deter predators. The aim is to dramatically raise the cost of a hostile takeover by permitting the immediate redemption of outstanding bonds at par value in the event of a takeover not approved by the board of directors.

A Swiss franc issue by RJR Nabisco contains what now appears to be rather weak protective wording for bondholders. The language gives lead underwriter Morgan Guaranty the right, but apparently not the obligation, to call for redemption if, as

See BONDS, Page 9

New Deal On Debt Is Urged

Latin Americans Want U.S. Talks

By Eugene Robinson

PUNTA DEL ESTE, Uruguay — Seven Latin American leaders, concerned that an acute economic crisis threatens their young democracies, called Saturday for a new deal on the region's \$420 billion foreign debt and urgent talks with the next U.S. president.

In their most pessimistic assessment to date, the leaders, known as the Group of Eight, said that the "grave problems" of debt and unfavorable conditions of international trade "endanger political efforts to consolidate democracy."

Their declaration followed a three-day summit meeting here. The presidents said they would send their finance ministers to a meeting in Rio de Janeiro later this year to develop new proposals for reducing debt repayments.

The seven leaders are Raúl Alfonsín of Argentina; José Sarney of Brazil; Virgilio Barco Vargas of Colombia; Miguel de la Madrid of Mexico; Alan García Pérez of Peru; Inácio María Sanguinetti of Uruguay; and Jaime Lusinchi of Venezuela.

Panama, the eighth member nation of the group, was not invited to this year's meeting.

"It is our intention to initiate a new dialogue with developed nations in the search for a system of more equal relations," the presidents said in a communique. They said they want to begin the talks by speaking with the United States, and Mr. García made clear that they expected to talk with the new U.S. president next year.

Latin American countries owe a total of \$420 billion to banks and international organizations; the seven owe \$335 billion of that total.

The debt has virtually strangled the region's economies, creating frustration and anger in countries where most people's living standards are declining.

In servicing its debt since 1982, the region has exported a net \$150 billion of capital.



Hamish Maxwell, left, chairman of Philip Morris, and F. Ross Johnson, the head of Nabisco.

Contrasting Smoke Signals

Tobacco Industry Leaders Have Divergent Strategies

By William Glaberson

NEW YORK — Hamish Maxwell, the 62-year-old chairman of Philip Morris Cos., and F. Ross Johnson, the 56-year-old chief executive of RJR Nabisco Inc., are taking very different approaches in struggling with tobacco, which may be the most profitable and the most plagued of consumer products.

The \$17 billion bid by Mr. Johnson and his management team to take their company private, analysts say, is a bold effort to turn the enormous cash-generating capacity of the tobacco business into vast, quick profits.

Analysts believe that Mr. Johnson intends to sell off the nontobacco parts of RJR Nabisco if his plan succeeds. The higher bid for RJR Nabisco announced last week by Kohlberg, Kravis, Roberts & Co. appears aimed at trying the same strategy.

Philip Morris's \$11.5 billion bid for Kraft Inc. reflects a strategy that is almost the exact opposite. The Philip Morris move is meant to continue the company's expansion into businesses that promise more of a future than tobacco does.

Although both tobacco companies also have huge food operations, tobacco still brings in most of the money. Tobacco accounts for two-thirds of RJR Nabisco's earnings.

Even if Philip Morris succeeds in acquiring Kraft, the takeover would bring tobacco-derived profits down only to 64 percent from the present 76 percent.

The industry's critics say that tobacco kills and injures hundreds of thousands of smokers every year. As a result, Americans' tobacco consumption is falling by about 2 percent a year.

But the tobacco industry still makes so much money that managers feel they cannot ignore it.

See TOBACCO, Page 11

Daimler Cleared For MBB Stake After Bonn Acts

BONN — The West German government has cleared the way for the automaker Daimler-Benz AG to take a stake in the aerospace group Messerschmitt-Bölkow-Blohm GmbH and effectively restructure the West German aerospace industry, officials in the ruling center-right coalition said Sunday.

Daimler indicated its willingness to take a stake in MBB after Bonn pledged extra subsidies for the Airbus Industrie consortium, a program involving four European nations, the sources said. Losses by the Paris-based consortium had been keeping Daimler from moving into MBB, which has a 37.9 percent stake in Airbus through wholly owned Deutsche Airbus.

"Daimler has agreed in principle with the solution the government has proposed," a coalition official said.

The officials said Bonn had promised Airbus extra subsidies worth about 5 billion Deutsche marks (\$2.8 billion) until the year 2000 to help the consortium cope with currency risks.

By taking a stake in MBB, Daimler would effectively revamp the West German aerospace industry by linking MBB, based in Munich, with three Daimler subsidiaries: Dornier GmbH, MTU GmbH and AEG AG. Dornier is the country's second largest aerospace group after MBB, while AEG makes advanced military electronics systems and MTU makes engines for tanks, airplanes and ships.

Daimler, best known for its Mercedes-Benz cars, would then become West Germany's biggest private aerospace and military systems concern, industry analysts said.

Daimler is expected to take a 30 percent stake in MBB, which is 52 percent owned by the West German states of Hamburg, Bavaria and Bremen.

Airbus, which makes its sales in dollars, has been hurt by the weakness of the U.S. currency in the past three years. West Germany has already provided for subsidies of 10.7 billion DM up to the year 2000.

The West German coalition sources said the cabinet would meet Wednesday to approve the extra subsidies for Airbus.

The news magazine Der Spiegel, in a story released before publication on Monday, said Finance Minister Gerhard Stoltenberg and Economics Minister Martin Bangemann had agreed on the subsidies Oct. 25.

Specifically, Bonn has agreed to guarantee currency risks by Airbus up to 1.60 DM to the dollar, and would provide up to 2.6 billion DM in the federal budgets between 1989 and 1997 for this purpose, the coalition sources said.

Machine Tool Orders in U.S. Decline 3.4%

NEW YORK — After a sharp surge in August, orders for U.S.-made machine tools slipped 3.4 percent in September from the previous month's level, according to a report to be released Monday by the Association for Manufacturing Technology.

However, the monthly figure on orders was 85.6 percent higher than it was in September of last year. As of September, total machine tool orders were more than double what they were for the first nine months of last year.

Several analysts said they had expected higher order levels for September, considering the substantial increases in exports. But they said the order levels should strengthen for the rest of the year.

"They added that the decline was not significant, particularly against the 33.2 percent jump from July to August.

"It's a slightly disappointing number," said Eli S. Lustgarten, a machinery analyst for PaineWebber Inc.

Hutchison Set to Win Cable Television Rights

Chance to End Hong Kong Monopoly

By Steve Vines

HONG KONG — A consortium led by the business tycoon Li Ka-shing appears likely to win the first cable television franchise in the territory, thereby gaining a chance to break the highly lucrative telecommunications monopoly held by Hong Kong Telecommunications Ltd.

Last week H.K. Telecommunications pulled out of the race for the cable television license, citing the government's refusal to allow any of its existing network for the cable operation.

Vincent Kwan, an analyst at Citicorp Securities, voiced a commonly held view that the government "wanted competition in the telecommunications industry and so they deliberately barred them from using their network."

Conservative estimates put annual revenues from the cable operation at more than 1 billion Hong Kong dollars (\$128 million), but the opportunity to grab a share of other telecommunications business in the territory would offer even greater rewards. Last year, H.K.

Interim report January-August 1988

Saab-Scania's invoicing and earnings increased during the year

SUMMARY OF INTERIM REPORT FOR JANUARY-AUGUST 1988

- Consolidated sales SEK 27,620 m. (25,832)
Consolidated income SEK 1,964 m. (1,806)
Pre-tax return on capital employed 23.4 per cent (23.2)
Income per share, after 50 per cent taxes, SEK 27.10 (22.70)
Sale of Saab-Scania Eneritech

EXTRACT FROM THE COMMENT BY PRESIDENT GEORG KARNSUND

"Thanks to a stronger second four-month period, consolidated sales and earnings increased during the first eight months of 1988 compared to the corresponding period last year. The Scania Division is on its way to another record-breaking year. During the autumn, the Saab Car Division will begin sales of the Saab 9000 CD sedan in several major markets, while the Saab Aircraft Division is enjoying success in sales of the Saab 340 regional commuter aircraft. The divestment of Eneritech is an industrially motivated decision, which also means that Saab-Scania is further concentrating its activities to the field of transport."

SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

Table with columns for 1988 and 1987, showing sales, manufacturing expenses, operating income, etc.

AT&T Wins Air Force Order Worth About \$4.5 Billion

By Calvin Sims

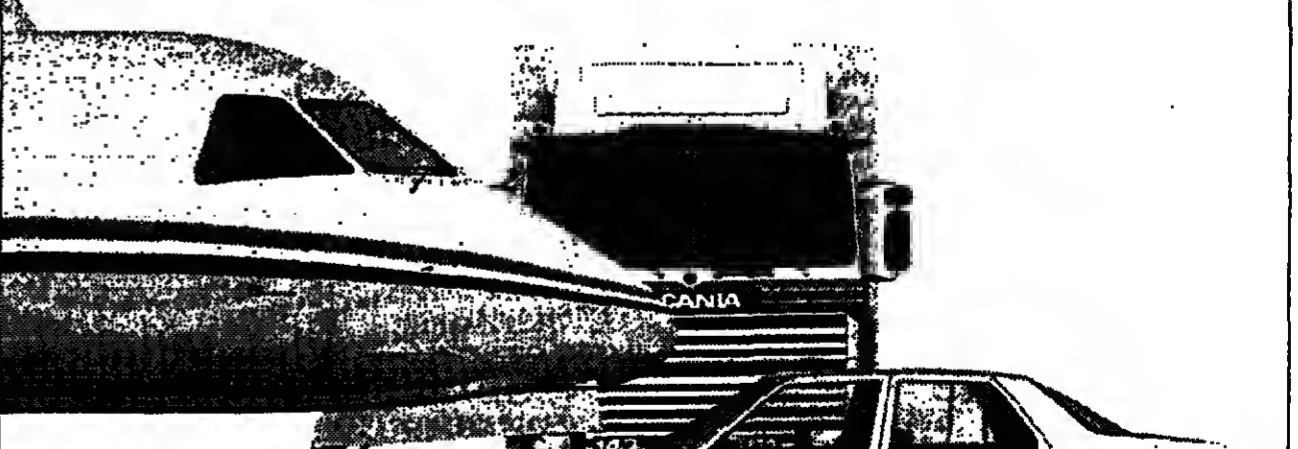
NEW YORK — The U.S. Air Force has awarded American Telephone & Telegraph Co. the first phase of a multibillion-dollar contract to supply the Defense Department with more than 20,000 mini-computers.

The contract, which AT&T valued at \$4.5 billion over eight years, is one of the largest ever awarded by the federal government.

It is also an important victory for AT&T, which has had difficulty establishing itself as a significant player in the highly competitive computer industry.

The computer system will be used by the air force, army, navy, coast guard, Defense Communications Agency, Defense Logistics Agency and other government operations for a variety of functions, including software development, office automation and data base management.

Under the contract, the computer system must be compatible with the Unix operating system, which was pioneered by AT&T but is now widely licensed to other vendors who have developed their own versions.



SAAB-SCANIA Leaders in specialized transport technology. For your own copy of the Saab-Scania report, please contact Saab-Scania AB, Corporate Communications & Public Affairs, S-581 88 Linköping, Sweden. +46 13 80 00 00. The 1988 Report will be available as of February 24, 1989.

Last Week's Markets

Table showing stock indices (Dow Jones, S&P 500, Nikkei 225), money markets (discount rate, prime rate), and commodity prices (oil, gold, silver).

World Index: From Standard & Poor's Composite Index.

Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, including "The Day Isn't Over" and "India News".

WORLD STOCKS IN REVIEW / Via Agence France-Press

Amsterdam

The stock exchange overcame a poor start and prices were able to move ahead in midweek.

The ANP-CBS general index closed at 285.5 against 281.0 the previous Friday, after reaching the year's high on Wednesday at 285.8.

The market was encouraged by a slight drop in interest rates. Philips announced third-quarter results well above expectations.

The market will be supported in the new week by excellent results of Alka, KLM and Philips, the stockbrokerage Kampen & Co. said, and the current uptrend is likely to continue.

Frankfurt

Trading on West German stock exchanges remained heavy, with the Commerzbank index reaching its highest level of the year.

The Commerzbank index on Thursday hit 1,641.6 — its highest level of the year — and finished on Friday at 1,637, up 20.2 points from the previous Friday.

Volume was also down sharply, to a daily average of around 220 billion lire, against 360 billion lire the previous week, and to an average of 50 million shares a day, against 85 million.

Analysts said the week marked a "pause" in a longer-term uptrend.

Observers said that negative factors included possible introduction of capital gains taxes on stock trading profits next year and concern among investors about Italy's trade deficit of 2.04 trillion lire for September.

Hong Kong

A local hostile takeover battle helped boost the Hong Kong exchange.

The Hang Seng index, the leading benchmark, closed Friday at 2,614.77 points, a gain of 32.78 for the week.

The Hong Kong rose by 21.47 to close at 1,721.93. Daily turnover jumped to 791 million Hong Kong dollars from 696 million dollars.

Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, threatened by a hostile takeover bid by Cathay City, suspended trading Tuesday. But the majority shareholder, the Kadoorie family, made a general cash offer to minority shareholders to assume control of the company and counter Cathay City's bid.

shares accounted for 20 percent of the daily turnover.

London

The Financial Times 30-share industrial share index ended the week at 1,508.9 points, down 0.4 point from the previous Friday, and the FTSE 100-share index at 1,858.4, down 0.9.

The early part of the week was dominated by a nervous wait for British trade figures for September. Expectations of the deficit ranged from £1.2 to £1.8 billion, and traders feared that bad figures might lead to another rise in interest rates.

Thursday's announcement of a current account deficit of only £260 million boosted shares, gas and the pound. However, a very weak opening on Wall Street dampened the initial bullish sentiment and the market ended the day only marginally higher.

Milan

The Milan market uptrend of nearly two months came to an end, with the Coniat index dropping to 580.38 on Friday, against 590.97 the previous Friday.

Volume was also down sharply, to a daily average of around 220 billion lire, against 360 billion lire the previous week, and to an average of 50 million shares a day, against 85 million.

Analysts said the week marked a "pause" in a longer-term uptrend.

Observers said that negative factors included possible introduction of capital gains taxes on stock trading profits next year and concern among investors about Italy's trade deficit of 2.04 trillion lire for September.

Paris

Paris rose only modestly, despite the French economy's healthy state, as the CAC price indicator rose 1 percent to finish at 392.3.

Analysts said a major reason for stocks' failure to rise more was the dollar's weakness, which revived concern about the French franc and led to fears of higher interest rates, particularly in France.

However, the Bourse benefited from two pieces of unexpected good news: a drop in unemployment in September and the return to balanced trade that month after a deficit of 9 billion francs in August.

Singapore

Share prices fell marginally to end the week on a mixed note, with the Straits Times industrial index losing 3.41 points to finish the week at 1,035.01.

Dealers said prices opened on a firm note Monday on an overspill from the previous week's good performance, but lack of follow-through buying and profit-taking trimmed gains. Prices saw-sawed for the rest of the week, with the Straits Times industrial index hovering around the 1,040-point level for most of the week.

Total volume was up by about 4.4 percent to 112.9 million Singapore units, while value was unchanged at 224.1 million dollars.

Tokyo

Japanese stock prices rose, with institutional investors lured by prospects of still higher prices.

The 225-issue Nikkei Stock Average rose for the fifth consecutive session to close at 27,961.01 yen Saturday, up 622.44 from the previous week. The Tokyo Stock Price Index of all issues on the first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange gained 27.65 points for the week to finish at 2,146.56.

Volume averaged 1.578 billion shares daily, against 645 million a week earlier. Daily value averaged 1,527 trillion yen against 686 billion.

"We can confirm that energy is building up in the market," one dealer said.

But Minoru Kajimura, director of Daiwa Securities Research Institute, said it might take some time before several uncertain factors become clear. A proposed consumption tax and a stock trading scandal involving political and business figures still dampens investor sentiment, already affected by proposed rules against insider trading and taxes on capital gains, he said.

Zurich

Zurich stocks reached the year's best level on Wednesday, then dipped slightly the rest of the week.

The Credit Suisse index finished at 497.3, against 498.4 the previous Friday, and the Swiss Bank Corp. indicator managed a slight gain to 559.7, against 558.8.

Operators said that prices should resume their uptrend in the new trading week.

Nabisco to Share Data With Kohlberg, Kravis

NEW YORK — The board of RJR Nabisco has agreed to provide the company after a buyout, the largest of its kind in the food industry.

In return for the data, Kohlberg, Kravis signed a confidentiality agreement. The arrangement was confirmed in a letter Friday from Kohlberg, Kravis to Charles E. Hugel, RJR Nabisco's chairman and head of a special committee that will examine the buyout bid.

Kohlberg, Kravis will not receive the data until this week, sources close to the company said.

The release of the information to Kohlberg, Kravis will eliminate an advantage that had been enjoyed by RJR Nabisco's senior managers and Sazon Leiman Fluton, their financial adviser.

The management group is also trying to formulate a buyout proposal and said last week that it would not work with Kohlberg, Kravis.

The management group, which is led by F. Ross Johnson, RJR Nabisco's chief executive, has been working with another large buyout specialist, Forstmann Little & Co., and said Thursday that it has also signed up Solomon Brothers as a financial partner.

Mr. Maxwell is an aggressively pro-smoking marketing man. He has helped Philip Morris move from sixth in a field of six United States cigarette makers to No. 1 in sales, largely because of the Marlboro brand's worldwide success.

Like his predecessors at Philip Morris, however, Mr. Maxwell's main goal is continuing Philip Morris' record of 20 percent annual profit increases that began more than a decade ago.

Stable food companies, such as Philip Morris' General Foods division and potentially Kraft, Mr. Maxwell believes, could maintain that pace.

Mr. Johnson says he believes in the future of tobacco. He has un-nerved many rivals in the industry with an ambitious \$1 billion program to bring Reynolds' "smokers' cigarette" to market.

But he has shown himself to be as much a deal maker as a marketer. Twice he has sold a company he was running to a larger company, only to emerge eventually as the head of the combined operation.

A former accountant, Mr. Johnson

Blocking of IBM Contract Reversed

By Richard Witkin

NEW YORK — A government appeals board has denied the protest that led to the suspension of a \$3.6 billion contract awarded to International Business Machines Corp. for a major element in the program to modernize the U.S. air traffic control system.

The protest had been filed in August by the loser in the final two-company competition, Hughes Aircraft Co.

Finghes accused the Federal Aviation Administration of, among other things, granting IBM preferential treatment and of failing to evaluate properly whether Hughes' technical and management superiority should outweigh IBM's lower price.

In rejecting the complaint on Friday, a law judge of the General Services Administration concluded that IBM had been given no preference and that the aviation administration had acted reasonably in finding that Hughes' "advanced and unproven technology was not worth the higher price."

The judge, Anthony S. Borwick of the GSA's Board of Contract Appeals, ruled that Hughes "has not established a violation of statute, regulation or condition" of the FAA's contract decision.

Michael Dutton, an IBM spokesman, said the company was looking forward to resuming work on the contract, the largest of its kind in the world.

IBM lost out in the competition for another government contract, American Telephone & Telegraph

Co. on Friday was awarded a multi-million-dollar contract to supply minicomputers to the Defense Department.

The initial award was made in July, and it gave the go-ahead for starting production work on what is known as the Advanced Automation System.

The award was described by the Transportation Department as the "most significant step" in the FAA's \$16 billion program to overhaul traffic control so that it can cope with steady growth in flights well into the 21st century.

The contract was suspended on Aug. 10 so that the appeals board could hear Hughes' protest. The

production work can now go forward. The work calls for replacing existing air traffic computers and radar screens so that controllers can handle more planes. The goal is to cut delays while reducing the danger of collisions.

In his opinion, Mr. Borwick strongly backed the aviation administration's contract award official in determining that any technical advantages of the Hughes proposal were not worth the extra cost, which would be more than \$700 million.

Mr. Borwick rejected Hughes' allegation that IBM's proposal was technically unacceptable.

The amendment was made to comply with SEC disclosure rules. In recent weeks, Pillsbury management and directors have been criticized by some analysts for rejecting an offer that they consider generous, and also for what they regard as the company's failure to seek a better offer.

But the disclosures seem to fly in the face of what has been conventional wisdom on Wall Street — that Pillsbury could not be taken private in a leveraged buyout because of cash-flow problems and friction between it and franchisees in its Burger King subsidiary.

Pillsbury Generates Interest

CHICAGO — Pillsbury Co., which has rejected a \$5.23 billion takeover offer from Grand Metropolitan PLC, has disclosed that other parties have expressed interest in buying the company.

In an amendment to an earlier filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Pillsbury indicated Friday that it might turn on Grand Met, a London-based conglomerate, and begin buying shares of its would-be acquirer in what has come to be known as the "Fac-Man" defense.

Pillsbury did not name the parties who had expressed varying degrees of interest in it, nor did it disclose details of their talks. The amendment indicated that Pills-

TOBACCO: Divergent Strategies

(Continued from first finance page)

son has lured a financier's appreciation of how to juggle assets to get the most cash out of them quickly. And that, most analysts believe, is what he intends to do with the cash-rich RJR part of his company.

Many on Wall Street suggest that if he stays in the management of the company after a buyout, he would quickly sell off most of its vast food business at just the time food companies are selling for high prices and keep the cash machine — the cigarette business — intact.

NASDAQ National Market

OTC Consolidated trading for week ended Friday.

Table with columns for Stock Name, Bid, Ask, and Volume. Includes entries like SunMed, SunSoft, SunSoft, etc.

American Exchange Options

Floures as of close of trading Friday, Oct. 28

Large table of American Exchange Options with columns for Option & Price, Calls, and Puts. Includes various stock options like AMR, AmGen, Amstar, etc.

Chicago Exchange Options

Floures as of close of trading Friday, Oct. 28

Large table of Chicago Exchange Options with columns for Option & Price, Calls, and Puts. Includes various stock options like AMR, AmGen, Amstar, etc.

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(Continued from Back Page)

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MONDAY SPORTS

It Looks Like Another Piston Year in East as NBA Begins 43d Season

By Sam Goldaper
New York Times Service

NEW YORK — The Los Angeles Lakers are stronger, the Boston Celtics older and the Detroit Pistons deeper.

But perhaps the most intriguing aspect of the 43rd National Basketball Association season, which begins Friday night, is whether the Atlanta Hawks can prove that Dominique Wilkins, Moses Malone and Reggie Theus, with a com-

ics; Frank Johnson, from the Bulls to the Nets; Pat Cummings, from the New York Knicks to Miami, and Kurt Rambis, from the Lakers to the Hornets.

The trading market involved the league's two premier rebounders, Michael Cage and Charles Oakley. The Los Angeles Clippers sent Cage to Seattle for a first-round draft choice, and the Chicago Bulls traded Oakley to the Knicks for Bill Cartwright, the low-post center the Bulls have long coveted.



The Hawks' new dynamic scoring trio: Dominique Wilkins, left; Moses Malone, center, obtained as a free agent; and Reggie Theus, acquired in a trade with the Kings. Last season they averaged a combined 72.6 points a game; they now have a combined salary of \$4 million. The questions is: can all three play together with one \$75 basketball.



The Nets sent McCormick to Pete Newell's big-men camp between seasons to learn the fine points of the pivot. With Buck Williams, the wonder man with 1,000 or more rebounds in five of his seven pro seasons, the Nets are basically a forward-oriented team.

Wes Unseld the player was the rookie of the year, the league's most valuable player and one of the outstanding centers in NBA history. But Unseld the coach has been left with a journeyman center as Malone and traded the 7-6 Bol. That left them with Dave Feil, which is enough to make Unseld "uncomfortable."

Look for the Bulls to keep searching for a center while trying to keep respectable with more emphasis on the running game. Despite Bernard King, Darrell Walker, Jeff Malone, John Williams and Terry Catledge, the losses will mount without a good center.

Expansion teams are not expected to win many games. The Hornets and the Heat are no different. In Charlotte, look for Kelly Tripitaka and Rex Chapman to enhance their reputations as shooters.

The Hawks will have to play without Kevin Willis, one of the league's elite power forwards, who is sidelined until January with a broken foot. But there are enough big people around in Antonio Carr, Cliff Levingston and Jon Koncak. Carr, Cliff Levingston and Jon Koncak, who will also back up Malone, to fill in.

The Bulls won 50 games last season. The Bulls won the league's most valuable player and the first in league history to lead in both scoring and steals. Against the Pistons in the opening round of the playoffs, he became the first player to score 50 points in successive playoff games. His 226-point total against Cleveland was a record for a five-game series, but his feats were not enough.

The Bulls' first-round elimination taught their coach, Doug Collins, that you win with big players, not guards. Thus, the Oakley-for-Cartwright trade. Chicago also used its first draft pick for another center, 7-0 Will Perdue. Also watch for Jordan to play some point guard.

The Cavs appear to have all the pieces. Brad Daugherty is one of the league's best young centers, with Tree Rollins and Chris Dudley backing him up. Larry Vance is an excellent forward and John (Hot Rod) Williams may be growing into one. The backcourt of Mark Price, Ron Harper and Randolph Keys, the top draft choice, can only get better. The lone missing ingredient appears to be experience.

Six years ago, the Milwaukee Bucks were the class of the division. But age and injury have dropped them into the middle of the pack and they are trying to fight their way back.

NBA PREVIEW

binated salary of \$4 million, can play with one \$75 basketball.

Not since the Lakers teamed with Chamberlain, Jerry West and Elgin Baylor for the 1968-69 season has there been a scoring combination equal to that put together when the Hawks, who already had Wilkins, traded for Theus and signed Malone as an unrestricted free agent.

All three were among the league's top 19 scorers last year. They averaged a combined 72.6 points a game. The question then becomes, will Wilkins and Theus, who both like to shoot, feed each other? But more important, will they get the ball to Malone in the low post?

"I know there's a concern that it'll cut down on team philosophy and there won't be enough balls for everyone," said Mike Fratello, the Hawks' coach. "Only time will tell."

The Hawks' gamble was a move to end their history of quick playoff elimination. After three outstanding regular seasons in which they won 57, 57 and 50 games, the Hawks were knocked out each time in the conference semifinal.

Malone, the Washington Bullets' center last year, and Theus, who played for the Sacramento Kings, are among the more than 50 players who have changed uniforms since the Lakers beat the Detroit Pistons for the title in June and became the first team in two decades to repeat as champion.

The personnel changes have come as a result of several big trades, the stocking of the two expansion teams, the Miami Heat and the Charlotte Hornets, and the new labor agreement, which created an unrestricted free-agent classification for players with seven or more years in the league. They were free to sign with other teams without compensation to their former clubs.

In addition to Malone, others who moved as free agents were Tom Chambers, from Seattle to Phoenix; Wayne (Tee) Rollins, from the Hawks to the Cleveland Cavaliers; Orlando Woolridge, from the New Jersey Nets to the Lakers; Walter Davis from the Phoenix Suns to the Denver Nuggets; Mike Woodson, from the Kings to the Houston Rockets; John Lucas, from the Milwaukee Bucks to the Seattle SuperSon-

nets, a 6-foot, 7-inch (2-meter) guard, went to Atlanta for Randy Wittman.

Otis Thorpe was traded to the Rockets for Rodney McCray and Jim Petersen, and Manute Bol was sent by the Bulls to the Golden State Warriors for Dave Feil.

The movement has not been confined to players. There are seven new coaches on the scene: Don Chaney of Houston, Jimmy Rodgers of Boston, Cotton Fitzsimmons of Phoenix, Don Nelson of Golden State, Larry Brown of San Antonio, Dick Harter of Charlotte and Ron Roosthuis of Miami.

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"For the record, he keeps repeating that it was an offer I couldn't refuse," His contract reportedly is worth \$3.5 million for five years, from the coffers of B.J. (Red) McCombs, the Spurs' new owner.

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To add to the theme of change in the NBA, three established teams — Detroit, Milwaukee and Sacramento — will be playing in new arenas.

The NBA also has caught up to the college game and will be using three officials for each game. Three officials were used for the 1978-79 season, but the team owners felt that was too expensive and went back to two.

Although there are many contenders, the Lakers are favored to emerge as the best in the West and try for a third straight championship, a feat last accomplished by the Celtics, who won their eight straight titles from 1959 through 1966. Choosing the Eastern Conference finalist is a guessing game.

Today, a look at that conference.

Coaches: How Often They Come, and Go

New York Times Service

How precarious is an NBA coach's job? Well, Rick Pitino, in his second season with New York, is the senior man in the Atlantic Division. Seven new coaches will take over this season in addition to four who took over late last season, Willis Reed (New Jersey), Wes Unseld (Washington), Jimmy Lynam (Philadelphia) and Jerry Reynolds (Sacramento).

Jimmy Rodgers, Boston, assistant coach and director of player personnel with the Celtics last season.

Dick Harter, Charlotte, an assistant coach with the Indiana Pacers last season.

Don Nelson, Golden State, general manager, part owner of the Warriors last season.

Don Chaney, Houston, assistant coach with the Atlanta Hawks last season.

Ron Koltstein, Miami, assistant coach with the Detroit Pistons last season.

Cotton Fitzsimmons, Phoenix, the Suns' director of player personnel last season.

Larry Brown, San Antonio, coach at the University of Kansas, which won the NCAA Division I championship, last season.

K.C. Jones has retired as coach, but Larry Bird, Kevin McHale, Robert Parish, Dennis Johnson and Danny Ainge are back and the new coach, Jimmy Rodgers, may have a different game philosophy.

Jones, a former Celtic star out of the Red Auerbach school of coaching, believed that rookies should sit, watch and wait. Many people believed Jones played his aging starters too much and it caught up with them in the playoffs.

Since Rodgers was Jones' chief aide, no drastic changes are expected. But there may be no playing time for the younger set: Brad Lohaus, who has gained 20 pounds (9 kilograms), Reggie Lewis, Mark Acres and 6-1 Brian Shaw, the top draft choice and perhaps the point guard of the future. How well they fare will go a long way toward determining how far the Celtics go.

How good are the Knicks, who have been picked by many to finish behind the Celtics?

"I look at the Knicks as a young team with great potential," said Rodgers. "They showed strides last season. Mark Jackson and Patrick Ewing are excellent building blocks."

The third piece in the rebuilding of the Knicks into a contender could be Oakley, whose 1,066 rebounds were the most in the league last season. He should make life easier for Ewing, while Rod Strickland, the top draft choice, should provide more rest for Jackson as the playmaker. Jackson averaged 40 minutes a game en route to winning rookie-of-the-year honors. Gerald Wilkins and Trent Tucker will handle the big-guard spot.

The Knicks' major problem appears to be a lack of scoring at the small-forward spot and the lack of a backup center.

For the Knicks to go beyond the .500 mark, Johnny Newman will need to have another outstanding year. Sidney Green and Kenny Walker will have to score more and the team must avoid injuries.

The Philadelphia 76ers won only 36 games last season, their fewest in 13 years. The most glaring weakness that kept them out of the playoffs, also for the first time in 13 years, was the lack of perimeter shooting. They hope they have recti-

fied that problem by using their No. 1 draft pick on Hersey Hawkins, the nation's leading college scorer (36.3), and obtaining Ron Anderson from the Indiana Pacers in a trade.

Charles Barkley is back to pile up points and rebounds, 6-11 center Mike Gminski has slimmed down considerably and that should help, as will the return of 7-foot Chris Welp, the 1987 top draft choice, who missed 72 games after undergoing back surgery.

With the exception of Maurice Cheeks, one of the league's top playmakers, the backcourt is suspect.

See it, the East's eighth and final playoff spot could be up for grabs. His goal for the Nets is to contend for it, easier said than done for a team that won 19 games last season and 24 the year before.

The keys to improvement are the ability of the Nets to stay healthy, which they have been unable to do the past two years, a strong contribution from a suspect backcourt and a strong performance from Tim McCormick at center.

With a healthy Sidney Moncrief, plus Jack Sikma, Randy Breuer, Terry Cummings and Paul Pressey, the Bucks can never be taken lightly. They are going to need some offense and high-quality minutes from 6-5 Jeff Grayer, the top draft choice, and maybe from 7-0 Tito Horford, a gamble on the second round.

The Pacers used the second overall pick in the draft for 7-4 Rik Smits. If he is ready for the jump from Marist College to the NBA, he could propel Indiana into the playoffs and allow all six teams in the division to make it.

Eventually, the Pacers are hoping for a front line of Smits in the middle with 7-0 Steve Stipanovich, out for an expected six weeks with a bad knee, and 6-8 Chuck Person at forward and Wayman Tisdale, an explosive scorer, as the sixth man. The backcourt is solid with playmaker Vern Fleming, his backup Scott Skiles and Ralph Miller and John Long — when he gets over his back problems — at the big-guard spot.

The likely playoff teams: Pistons, Celtics, Hawks, Cavaliers, Knicks, Bulls, The Bucks, Pacers and 76ers will battle for the final two berths.

Tomorrow, the Western Conference

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ACROSS

- 1 Biting remarks
- 6 Place for a sail
- 10 Appetition
- 14 Zodaical Ram
- 15 Lotian ingredient
- 16 On the briny
- 17 Any, gossamer
- 20 ... with the greatest of ...
- 21 Actor Andrews
- 22 Watches the waistline
- 23 Not up yet
- 25 Sticky stuff
- 26 'Old Marley was
- 34 Cove
- 35 Doral event
- 36 Musical syllable
- 37 Like Death Valley
- 38 Blockheads
- 40 Daytime TV feature
- 41 Tennis shot
- 42 'Cin of the Cave Bear' author
- 43 'Dvne Comedy' author
- 44 Shilly, incky
- 48 Diamond
- 49 Microbe
- 50 Ababa, Ethiopia
- 53 Cowardly Lion parlayer
- 55 Nick and Nora's pooch
- 59 Clever, alert
- 62 'To ... His Own'
- 63 Words on a sale item
- 64 Courage
- 65 Editor's annotation
- 66 Exam for teens
- 67 One's strong point

DOWN

- 1 Large bundle
- 2 'Un bel d...' e g
- 3 Serna
- 4 Gutted
- 5 Fast flier
- 6 Historic hilltop fortress in Israel
- 7 Alda or Lada
- 8 Parlor piece
- 9 Hee's partner
- 10 'The Birth of a ...' classic
- 11 Tennis great
- 12 Encounter
- 13 Little pitchers have big ones
- 18 Fruit drinks
- 19 Decorate
- 24 Belly denizen
- 25 Departs
- 26 Timepiece parts
- 27 Register
- 28 Excuse
- 29 'Hello, ...'
- 30 Choose
- 31 Make amends
- 32 In a snit
- 33 Place for a boutonniere
- 38 ... in the Sun', Peck, film
- 39 ... the land of the free
- 40 City south of San Francisco
- 42 Like a chimp
- 43 Women's patriotic org.
- 45 ... one's truth
- 45 Hornhead
- 47 Croat's neighbor
- 50 Lincoln and ...
- 51 Goldurn'
- 52 Reno rollers
- 53 Highlands girl
- 54 ... Minor
- 56 'A ... Is Born'
- 57 Civil wrong in law
- 58 Poker-pai builder
- 60 Spirit
- 61 Letters on a TV set

WEATHER

EUROPE			ASIA			NORTH AMERICA		
High	Low	Wind	High	Low	Wind	High	Low	Wind
Algeria	21	70	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Amsterdam	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Antwerp	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Berlin	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Bombay	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Buenos Aires	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Calcutta	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Chicago	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Cairo	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Caracas	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
London	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Los Angeles	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Manila	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Mexico City	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Moscow	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
New York	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Paris	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
San Francisco	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Seattle	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Shanghai	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Singapore	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40
Tokyo	20	68	SE	10	40	SE	10	40

PEANUTS

TONIGHT IS HALLOWEEN... HOW COME YOU'RE NOT SITTING OUT IN A PUMPKIN PATCH WAITING FOR THE GREAT PUMPKIN... AND MAKING A TOTAL COMPLETE AND ABSOLUTE FOOL OF YOURSELF?

YOU HAVE A NICE WAY OF WORKING THINGS...

THANK YOU... I WORK THEM OUT ON LITTLE SLIPS OF PAPER BEFOREHAND.

DENNIS THE MENACE

HOW DID YOU KNOW IT WAS GINA?

BY THE WAY MY HEART WAS BEATING.

JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

SOEBE

MABLY

REMMAH

HYROTE

Answer: AT

Solution to Friday's Puzzle

BROW CEDAR BIKE
LDCO HAITI USER
AMEN ARMED ZERO
HEADLINE DOZENS
SONEAR PLOW
RIMS RENOURS
HAT RATIO ARTIE
ERCO NORMA DATA
LILLI RAPID TAM
PADDOCK TROT
TWOIS FOISTS
JOVIAL SHORTCUT
ADAM LATER LARA
MOLE ISAAC ELKS
BRER EAGLE SASH

BLONDIE

HOW WAS YOUR WEEKEND IN THE CITY?

GRAND AND GLORIOUS!

GRAND AND GLORIOUS!

YEP... THE FOOD AND THE PEOPLE WERE GLORIOUS!

AND IT COST ME GRAND!

BEEBLE BAILEY

BEEBLE, TASTE THIS CHILI AND TELL ME IF I PUT ENOUGH HOT PEPPER IN IT!

GOOD! I PUT ENOUGH HOT PEPPER IN IT!

WIZARD OF ID

THE KING WILL NOW GIVE OUT THE GRAND PRIZE FOR THE BIGGEST PUMPKIN OF THE YEAR!

PUMPKIN, SURE... PUMPKIN!

ANDY CAPP

WHEN YOU'RE READY, WIM!

MUST BE!

I INSIST THAT I BE IN FIRST PLACE'S COVINGS!

IF YOU SAY SO!

IN HIS LEAGUE, EVEN JUNGLE'S BROKEN DOWN!

DOONESBURY

GOOD EVENING, TODAY IN AN UNUSUAL TURN OF EVENTS, BUSH SENATOR FRANK ROUNDTOP OF LIGHT-HEAVY INDUSTRIES HAS BEEN ELECTED TO THE SENATE!

HEY, IT'S AN EXTRA DOLLAR FOR THE SENATOR. HE CAN USE IT AS HE SEES FIT.

SENATOR ROUNDTOP HAS BEEN ELECTED TO THE SENATE!

REX MORGAN

RETURNING HOME FROM THE HOSPITAL, MRS. MORGAN TELLS THE GOVERNOR ABOUT HER VISIT WITH THEIR SON!

(YOU HAD ME WORRIED, MARTHA! I DIDN'T KNOW WHERE YOU HAD GONE!)

I HAD TO FIND OUT WHETHER JEFFREY WAS LYING TO US, DARLING! HE WAS!

DID HE ADMIT IT?

YES... BY HIS SILENCE!

GARFIELD

GOOD EVENING, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!

SPLAT!

WHAP!

I SEE SOME OF YOU STAVED FOR THE SECOND SHOW.

Garfield

GOOD EVENING, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!

SPLAT!

WHAP!

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MONDAY SPORTS

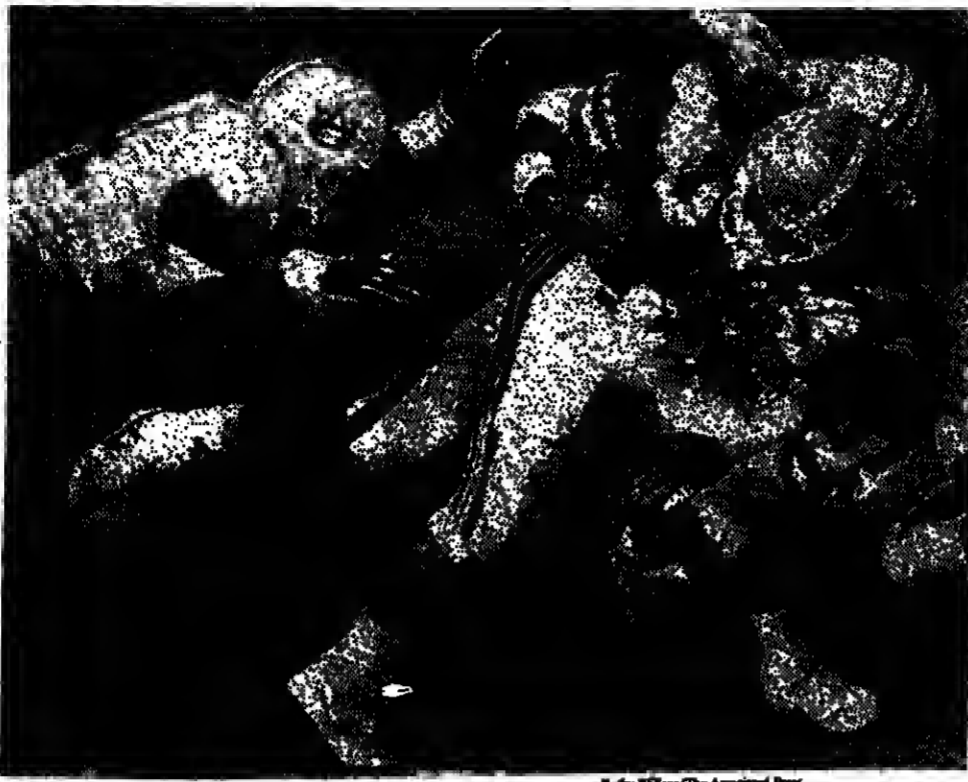
Washington St. Stuns No. 1 UCLA

Bruins Blow 21-Point Lead

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches PASADENA, California — When UCLA, trailing by four points, got to Washington State's six-yard line with 44 seconds left to play Saturday, it would have been difficult to find anybody in the Rose Bowl who didn't think the Bruins were going to win.

COLLEGE FOOTBALL

With six yards to go and with a quarterback like we have," Donahue said, "we felt like we had a good chance to get it into the end zone." Said Aikman: "More often than not, we get the ball on the six with three plays to go, we're going to score."



Florida running back Willie McClendon ran into a crowd of Tigers as No. 9 Auburn won, 16-10, its third straight shutout ending a seven-game losing streak in Gainesville, Fla. In Starkville, Mississippi, defender John Mangy broke up a pass and nearly wrecked receiver Jerry Boutin as No. 19 Alabama routed Mississippi State, 53-34.



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Pats Beat Bears With a Rout of Defense, 30-7

NFL ROUNDUP

FOXBORO, Massachusetts — Former Bear Doug Flutie threw four touchdown passes Sunday afternoon, including an 80-yard connection with Irving Fryar on the first play from scrimmage, as the New England Patriots stymied the National Football League's top defense with a 30-7 victory over Chicago.

The Patriots, who lost their last meeting with the Bears by a score of 46-10 in the 1986 Super Bowl, became the first team in six games to score more than nine points against Chicago.

The Bears, 7-2, had a five-game winning streak stopped, during in which they allowed just 32 points. Flutie, traded to New England last season, completed 6 of 18 passes for 165 yards and no interceptions. He threw two second-quarter scoring passes to Lin Dawson and one in the fourth period to Stanley Morgan.

Flutie was helped by a strong 185-yard ground game led by rookie John Stephens' 124 yards on 35 carries. It was the first time in 31 games that a runner had gained more than 100 yards against Chicago, whose top-ranked rushing defense had allowed only 66.3 yards per game before Sunday.

Jim McMahon, whose one-yard drive gave Chicago a 7-5 lead with 1:11 left in the first quarter, was knocked out of the game for good with a strained right knee early in the second quarter. New England is 4-5 on the season.

Dawson, a seven-year veteran right end who hadn't scored since 1984, caught touchdown passes of 13 and 4 yards to give New England a 20-7 halftime lead. His first touchdown followed the first of Chicago rookie Wendell Davis' two fumbled punts by that were recovered by the Patriots.

Rams 12, Saints 10: In New Orleans, Jim Everett passed for 243 yards and Mike Lansford kicked four field goals to give Los Angeles victory that ended the NFL's longest winning streak.

It also boosted the Rams into a tie with the Saints for the lead in the National Conference West, with both teams at 7-2. The Saints had won seven straight going into Sunday's game.

Lansford's field goals were good from 37 yards in the first quarter, 18 yards in the second quarter, 47 yards in the third quarter and 40 yards in the fourth quarter.

Browns 21, Bengals 16: In Cleveland, Herman Fenton returned a blocked punt one yard for a touchdown and set back a kickoff 84 yards to run another Cleveland score.

The victory pulled Cleveland, 6-3, within one game of first-place Cincinnati, 7-2, in the AFC Central Division. The Bengals lost for the second time in three weeks, while the Browns won their third straight.

The Browns, with the top-ranked defense in the conference, did not allow a touchdown by the Bengals' No. 1-ranked offense. Cincinnati's only touchdown came on a David Fulcher interception.

West Virginia 51, Penn State 30: In Morgantown, West Virginia, Major Harris passed for two touchdowns and ran for a score to help the No. 7 Mountaineers beat Penn State for the only second time in 33 games between the teams. West Virginia, 8-0 for the first time in its history, had a 41-8 halftime lead.

Oklahoma 63, Kansas 14: In Norman, Oklahoma, Scott Gatz returned an interception 80 yards and Glyn Milburn recovered James Hollaway's fumble in the end zone for fourth-quarter touchdowns and ran for a score to help the No. 8 Sooners (7-1).

Arkansas 21, Rice 14: In Little Rock, Arkansas, the No. 11 Razorbacks became the first team to clinch a bowl berth, when backup quarterback John Bland's five-yard, fourth-quarter scoring run beat winless Rice and clinched their first Cotton Bowl trip in 13 years.

Oklahoma State 45, Kansas State 27: In Manhattan, Kansas, Barry Sanders rushed for a school-record 320 yards and three touchdowns, and Mike Gandy threw three TD passes for the No. 12 Cowboys (6-1).

Louisiana State 31, Mississippi State 20: In Baton Rouge, Louisiana, Tommy Hodson threw three touchdowns, passes, two to Tony Moss, to keep No. 13 LSU (5-2) tied for the Southeastern Conference lead.

Michigan 52, Northwestern 7: In Evanston, Illinois, Tony Boles rushed for 153 yards and three touchdowns during the Big Ten rout for the No. 14 Wolverines (5-2-1).

Clemson 38, North Carolina 21: In Winston-Salem, North Carolina, quarterback Rodney Williams ran for two touchdowns and passed for another as he led the No. 15 Tigers (6-2) to an Atlantic Coast Conference triumph.

South Carolina 23, North Carolina State 7: In Raleigh, North Carolina, Patrick Hinton intercepted three passes, returning one 83 yards for a touchdown, for the No. 17 Gamecocks (7-1).

Georgia 59, William & Mary 24: In Athens, Georgia, reserve Greg Talley threw two scoring passes and Tim Worley and Keith Henderson each scored two touchdowns as the No. 18 Bulldogs (6-2) gained 626 yards on offense.

Alabama 53, Mississippi State 34: In Starkville, Mississippi, David Castree rushed for four touchdowns as the No. 19 Crimson Tide (6-1) remained tied for the SEC lead.

Arizona State 21, Oregon 20: In Eugene, Oregon, Bruce Perkins rushed 39 yards for the winning touchdown early in the third period to help edge the No. 20 Beavers (6-2).

Oregon pulled within one point on a 47-yard, fourth-quarter touchdown pass from Brett Nielson to Latin Berry, but failed on a two-point conversion.

Penn 31, Princeton 23: In Princeton, New Jersey, the Quakers (7-0, 5-0) moved closer to winning the Ivy League title despite being assessed a league-record 21 penalties. The Tigers fell to 4-3, 3-2.

BY AP

BY AP

BY AP

BY AP

BY AP

BY AP

BY AP

While improving to 62-0 with 49 knockouts, Chavez, who earned \$350,000 for the bout, successfully defended his World Boxing Association crown for the second time. Ramirez, surrendered the World Boxing Council title he won in 1987.

In Copenhagen, Greg Haugen of the United States retained his International Boxing Federation world lightweight title Friday night by knocking out Gert Bo Jacobsen of Denmark in the 10th round of their scheduled 12-round bout.

Raul Perez of Mexico captured the World Boxing Council bantamweight title Saturday night in Las Vegas with a 12-round unanimous decision over previously undefeated Miguel Lora of Colombia.

And in Milan, European champion Francesco Damiani of Italy won a technical decision when the doctor stopped Tyrell Biggs of the United States in the fifth round Saturday night.

Biggs was bleeding heavily from a right eyebrow cut when the scheduled 10-round bout was called.

It was Damiani's 22d victory in as many bouts. (UPI, AP)

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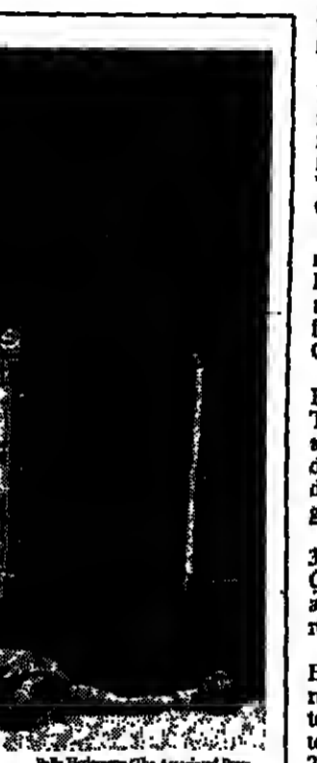
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HEADLINES

Senna Wins in Japan, Clinches Title SUZUKA, Japan (AP) — Ayrton Senna of Brazil, driving a turbocharged McLaren Honda, overcame a stall at his pole-position start today and won the Japanese Grand Prix to clinch his first driver's title with a race remaining in the Formula One World Championship series.

Senna's eighth Grand Prix victory this season, won nine points, gave him a total of 87. Prost has 84 and could tie Senna if he wins the Australian grand Prix next weekend. But he has only six victories.

Also Shoots 68 to Win Volvo Masters BOTOGRANDE, Spain (UPI) — Nick Faldo of Britain shot four-under-par 68 Sunday to stave past competitor Sandy Lyle and Severiano Brestero of Spain to win the Volvo Masters golf championship.

Beck Defeats Beck in Disney Playoff LAKE BUENA VISTA, Florida (AP) — Bob Lutz, who birdied the hole for a playoff, won his first PGA Tour tournament Saturday inking a five-foot (1.5-meter) putt on the fifth extra hole to beat Beck in the Walt Disney World Classic.

Nielsen Doesn't Have Cancer OENIX (AP) — Actress Brigitte Nielsen, the fiancée of the New Jersey former defensive end Mark Gasman, does not have cancer in accordance with test results released Saturday.

SCOREBOARD

HOCKEY

Table with columns for National Hockey League Standings, including teams like NY Rangers, Philadelphia, NY Islanders, and Washington.

WALSLEY CONFERENCE

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ADAMS DIVISION

Table with columns for ADAMS DIVISION, including teams like Boston, Buffalo, Hartford, and Quebec.

CAMPBELL CONFERENCE

Table with columns for CAMPBELL CONFERENCE, including teams like Toronto, St. Louis, Detroit, and Chicago.

SATURDAY'S RESULTS

Table with columns for SATURDAY'S RESULTS, including teams like Detroit, Chicago, and Philadelphia.

SOCCER

Table with columns for ENGLISH FIRST DIVISION, including teams like Arsenal, Aston Villa, and Chelsea.

ITALIAN FIRST DIVISION

Table with columns for ITALIAN FIRST DIVISION, including teams like AC Milan, Fiorentina, and Lazio.

GERMAN FIRST DIVISION

Table with columns for GERMAN FIRST DIVISION, including teams like Borussia Dortmund, FC Bayern, and Werder Bremen.

SPANISH FIRST DIVISION

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FRENCH FIRST DIVISION

Table with columns for FRENCH FIRST DIVISION, including teams like AS Saint-Etienne, FC Girondins, and Olympique Lyonnais.

FOOTBALL

Table with columns for Selected College Results, including teams like Stanford, Michigan, and Texas.

TENNIS

Table with columns for PARIS OPEN, including players like Andre Agassi and Andrei Chesnokov.

WOMEN'S TOURNAMENTS

Table with columns for WOMEN'S TOURNAMENTS, including players like Martina Navratilova and Pam Shriver.

BASEBALL

Table with columns for BALTIMORE, including teams like Baltimore Orioles and New York Yankees.

BASKETBALL

Table with columns for GOLDEN STATE, including teams like Golden State Warriors and Los Angeles Lakers.

TRANSITION

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